



A MITEL  
PRODUCT  
GUIDE

# Unify OpenScape Alarm Response Economy

OScAR-Eco 100 V5

Service Manual

07/2024

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# 1 Conventions and Operating Instructions



## Note:

This Service Manual is designed to assist all persons who perform the initial installation, the start-up and any configuration of the OScAR Eco 100 system.

## Overview

This chapter explains the notations and symbols that are used in this manual. It also offers valuable instructions and provides helpful information on data protection and data security.

## Content

The following areas are covered in this chapter:

- 1.1 Description of the chapters in this document
- 1.2 Notations and symbols
- 1.3 Reporting of accidents
- 1.4 Data protection and data security

## Information on the hardware and product designation

- As a rule, the hardware platform is referred to as OScAR Eco 100.
- The general product name is OScAR Eco 100.
- The product name when marketed and sold through Unify reads **OScAR-Eco 100** (OScAR = Open Scape Alarm Response).
- The screenshots in this document carry the product-specific hardware designation OScAR Eco 100.

## Conventions and Operating Instructions

*Description of the chapters in this document*

### 1.1 Description of the chapters in this document

This document also includes the following chapters:

Chapter	Description
Chapter 2, "OScAR Eco 100 Specification"	This chapter gives you an overview of the hardware configuration of OScAR Eco 100.
Chapter 3, "Product Components"	This chapter gives you an overview of the basic technical specification of OScAR Eco 100.
Chapter 4, "Hardware Operations"	This chapter describes the hardware operations and also includes the safety instructions in German, Finnish, Danish and Swedish.
Chapter 5, "Wiring Plans"	This chapter covers the different wiring plans of OScAR Eco 100.
Chapter 6, "PBX Systems and Soft Switches"	This chapter covers in brief the coupling of OScAR Eco 100 to the PBX network or the convergent voice/data networks, as well as the trunk connections. It also refers to the external configuration instructions for the respective interface(s).

Table 1-1

Overview of chapters

## 1.2 Notations and symbols

### Notations

The following definitions are used in this document:

Text	All texts from files that are described in this document, and all entries that are added to these files, appear in the monospace font Courier.
The password <b>123456...</b>	Details and instructions in the continuous text that are of particular importance or must be heeded are output in bold print. In the same way, buttons and menus also appear in bold print.
The file global.cfg	Files and directories are output in the monospace font Courier.
<i>&lt;Placeholder&gt;</i>	Entries and outputs, both of which may vary dependent on the individual situation in which they appear, are placed in <angle brackets> and are in italics.
[beginning of value range ... end of value range; default] or [X]	All default values and all value range details from data fields are placed in squared brackets and appear in italics. The additional [x] after an entry option for a database field indicates that this entry option is also the default value.

Table 1-2 Notations

### Symbols

The following symbols are used in this document:



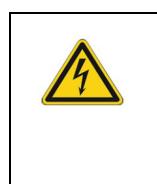
#### Note:

The info "i" is used to indicate additional helpful information.



#### Caution!

The exclamation mark is used to indicate important information which the reader should treat with particular caution.



#### Warning!

The warning sign is used to alert you to a hazardous or high risk situation. It means that you are currently exposed to a risk situation that may cause a physical injury. Before you start working with any apparatus, please always be aware of the risks that may arise in connection with the device's electric currents and follow the standard practices to avoid accidents.

## 1.3 Reporting of accidents

- Be careful to report all accidents immediately, also near accidents and any potential safety hazard.
- Report every electrical shock, no matter how small.
- Never allow the storage of easily inflammable substances in the proximity or even in the same room with the communications system.
- Make sure that the work area is always well lit.
- Remember that an untidy work area can lead to accidents.

## 1.4 Data protection and data security

In order to comply with the legal provisions that apply when providing services - be it service tasks performed at your customers' site or by way of teleservice - we strongly urge you to follow the below-listed rules. This will not only help you protect the interests and concerns of customers and clients, but also avoid unwanted implications for yourself.

Please help ensure complete data protection and data security by being aware of these issues as you work:

- Always make sure that only authorized persons have access to your client and customer data.
- Assign passwords whenever you can. Do not grant unauthorized persons access to any passwords, for example by writing them down.
- Always make sure that no unauthorized persons can process, save, edit, transmit, block, delete or utilize customer data in any way.
- Always make sure that no unauthorized persons have access to data storage media, for example to backup disks or printouts of logfiles or protocols. This applies both to service work provided directly at the customer and to the storage and transport of data carriers.
- Always make sure that every data storage medium that is no longer needed is properly and fully destroyed. Also be careful not to leave behind any papers that could become openly accessible to others.

**Note:**

We urge all readers to work together closely with the contact persons of your clients. This not only helps to build trust but will also help you reduce your own workload.

## 2 OScAR Eco 100 Specification

### Overview

This chapter gives you an overview of the hardware configuration of OScAR Eco 100.

### Content

The following areas are covered in this chapter:

- 2.1 General
- 2.2 Certifications
- 2.3 Characteristics of OScAR Eco 100

### 2.1 General

OScAR Eco 100 comes as a small tabletop unit in a convenient box size (165mm x 105mm x 30mm), and has the following features:

- Computer core with µClinix™ operating system and anti-virus protection
- Pluggable 2 GB microSD card for the program, data, licenses, protocols and announcements
- LAN interface (10/100-Base-T) for VoIP, service console (VCON), administration and peripheral inter-connectivity
- Feeding either via data switch with support of power-over-ethernet (<6.5 Watts, PoE, Class 2), or via the PoE-Injector looped-in the LAN connection, from 100...240VAC
- Serial asynchronous interface RS232/RS422 (electrically isolated)
- USB service interface for all start-up functions
- 8 + 1 floating contact outputs for system and process reports
- 16 fed contact inputs with short circuit and line break detection
- Optionally pluggable as alternative:
  - TDM/ISDN module with 2x S<sub>0</sub> (IIS-02 module, standard)
  - TDM/ISDN module with 1 x S<sub>2M</sub> E1 or T1 (IIE-02 module for North America)
  - Module with 2 additional serial asynchronous interfaces

### 2.2 Certifications

This device is certified in these countries in keeping with UL, FCC, CE and Australia RCM (country codes as in ISO 3166):

- All EU countries:  
AT, BE, BG, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK
- These countries outside the EU:  
AR, AU, CA, CH, CO, HK, ID, ME, MK, MY, NZ, PA, PH, RS, SG\*, TR, US

\* Singapore: Available as industrial product only

Fire security and life safety features were not evaluated during the UL test.

Status: June 12th, 2019 – National approvals subject to change.

**2.3****Characteristics of OScAR Eco 100**

The below table lists the characteristics of OScAR Eco 100:

Description	Value
Dimensions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>height: 30 mm</li><li>width: 105 mm</li><li>depth: 165 mm</li></ul>
Weight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>450 g</li></ul>
Power supply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) Class 2 Mode A or Mode B in keeping with IEEE 802.3af</li><li>Max. power consumption 6.5 W</li></ul>
Ventilation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Convective air cooling</li></ul>
Operating conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Temperature: +5 °C .. +35 °C</li><li>Relative Humidity: 5 % .. 80 % (non-condensing)</li></ul>
Storage conditions and terms of transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Temperature: -20 °C .. +70 °C</li><li>Relative Humidity: 5 % .. 80 % (non-condensing)</li></ul>
MTBF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>&gt; 400,000 h (over a 5-year period under report)</li></ul>
Certifications/Declarations of conformity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>EN 55024</li><li>EN 55032</li><li>EN 60950-1</li><li>UL 60950-1</li><li>FCC 47 CFR Part 15</li><li>CE Marking</li><li>CB Scheme</li><li>RCM Marking</li></ul>

Table 2-1 OScAR Eco 100 characteristics

## **OScAR Eco 100 Specification**

*Characteristics of OScAR Eco 100*

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## 3 Product Components

### Overview

This chapter gives you an overview of the basic technical specification of OScAR Eco 100.



### Warning!

All external components that are connected to OScAR Eco must meet and comply with the pertinent legal provisions that are currently in force in the country in which they are operated.

### Content

- 3.1 OScAR Eco 100 components
  - 3.1.1 Rear panel of the population option C
  - 3.1.3 Front panel of the table top housing - with a COM interface
  - 3.1.5 Status indicator
- 3.2 Interfaces
  - 3.2.1 Ethernet interface
  - 3.2.2 COM interfaces
  - 3.2.3 ISDN interfaces
  - 3.2.4 USB interface
- 3.3 Digital I/O
  - 3.3.1 Digital inputs
  - 3.3.2 Digital outputs
- 3.4 microSD card
- 3.5 Add ons
  - 3.5.1 DCE-01 adaptor
  - 3.5.2 DTE adaptor
  - 3.5.3 CSA converter
  - 3.5.4 Twin outlet line jack unit S0 (shielded)
  - 3.5.5 Single outlet line jack unit RS422 (unshielded)
  - 3.5.6 USB cable cord
  - 3.5.7 Patch cable cord
  - 3.5.8 PoE injector
  - 3.5.9 Special connector for digital inputs
  - 3.5.10 Special connector for digital outputs
  - 3.5.11 Special connector for audio I/O
  - 3.5.12 Rating data for line connections of the digital I/O and audio
- 3.6 LAN printer
  - 3.6.1 Connect the printer to the LAN

## Product Components

### OScAR Eco 100 components

#### 3.1 OScAR Eco 100 components

##### 3.1.1 Rear panel of the population option C

The population option C comes with contact I/O (= without audio I/O)

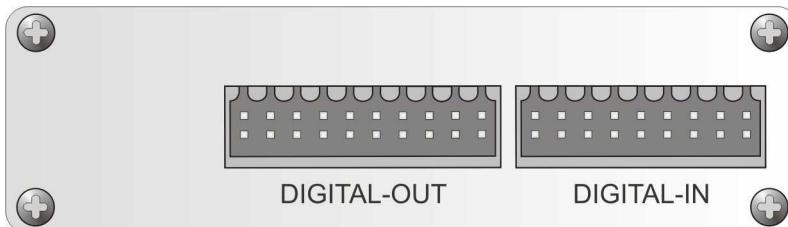


Image 3-1 Rear panel of the population option C

##### 3.1.2 Rear panel of the population option CA

The population option CA comes with contact I/O and audio I/O

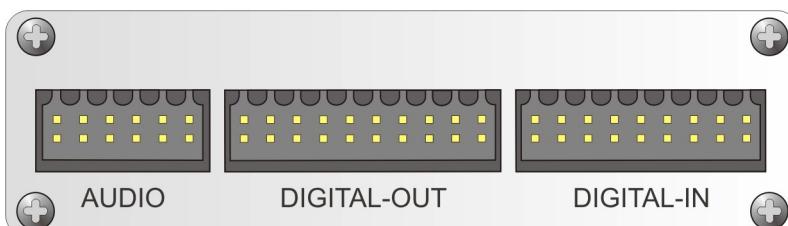


Image 3-2 Rear panel of the population option CA

##### 3.1.3 Front panel of the table top housing - with a COM interface

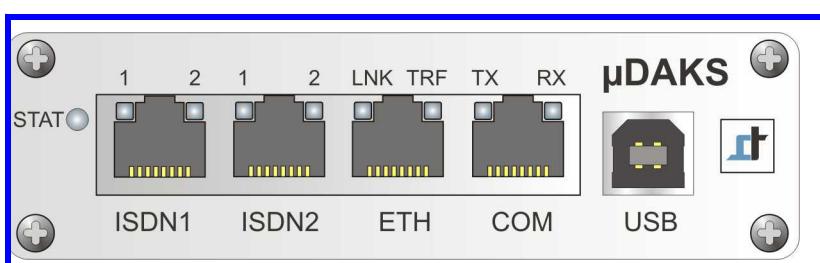


Image 3-3 Front panel of the table top housing - with one COM interface

##### 3.1.4 Front panel of the table top housing - with three COM interfaces

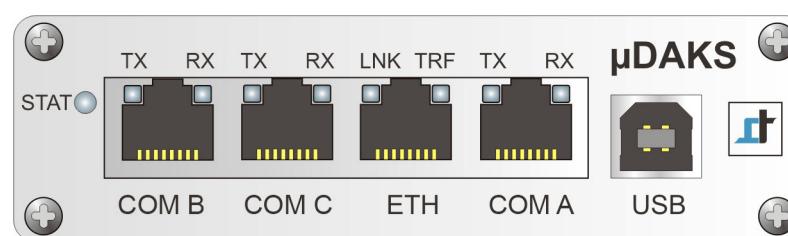


Image 3-4 Front panel of the table top housing - with three COM interfaces

## Product Components

### OScAR Eco 100 components

#### 3.1.5 Status indicator

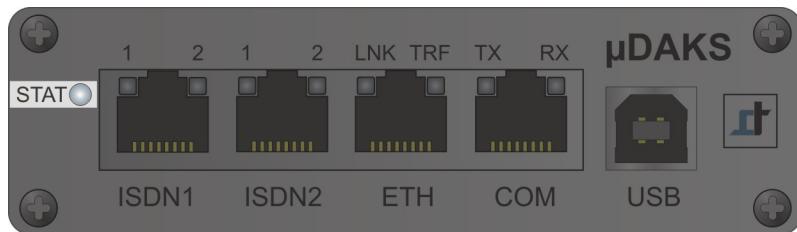


Image 3-5 Status indicator

Element	Description	
Status	<p>Status indicator via LED:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>OFF</li><li>red</li><li>red blinking</li><li>Yellow</li><li>yellow blinking</li><li>green-red blinking</li><li>green-yellow blinking</li><li>green</li><li>green blinking</li></ul>	<p>If the status indicator does not light up, either OScAR Eco 100 is not connected to the power supply, or the servicing switch or PoE injector is not connected or not activated (turned on).</p> <p>Reset</p> <p>Internal error</p> <p>Currently booting</p> <p>The basic system is ready and the operating system is operating; the application or other software components are not active</p> <p>OScAR Eco 100 is not enabled</p> <p>Application has started, working data is missing</p> <p>Ready to operate</p> <p>At least one broadcast or one conference is currently active</p>

Table 3-1

Status indicator

## Product Components

### Interfaces

## 3.2 Interfaces

### 3.2.1 Ethernet interface

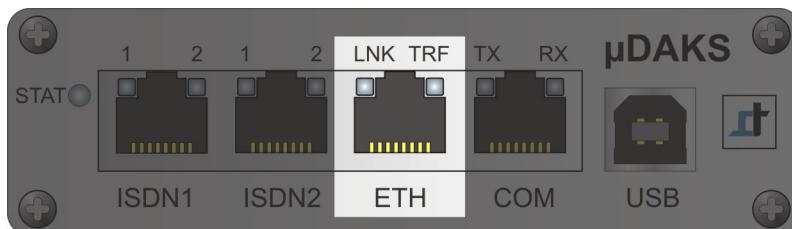


Image 3-6 Ethernet interface

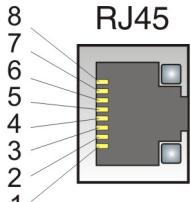
Element	Description																
ETH	<p>RJ45 jack for connectivity with the LAN (10-,100-Base-T) and for the power supply via PoE:</p> <p><b>Pin assignment:</b></p>  <table><tr><td>Pin 1:</td><td>Tx+</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 2:</td><td>Tx-</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 3:</td><td>Rx+</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 4:</td><td>+ PWR</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 5:</td><td>+ PWR</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 6:</td><td>Rx-</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 7:</td><td>- PWR</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 8:</td><td>- PWR</td></tr></table>	Pin 1:	Tx+	Pin 2:	Tx-	Pin 3:	Rx+	Pin 4:	+ PWR	Pin 5:	+ PWR	Pin 6:	Rx-	Pin 7:	- PWR	Pin 8:	- PWR
Pin 1:	Tx+																
Pin 2:	Tx-																
Pin 3:	Rx+																
Pin 4:	+ PWR																
Pin 5:	+ PWR																
Pin 6:	Rx-																
Pin 7:	- PWR																
Pin 8:	- PWR																
LED LNK	<p>Physical contact to the LAN (link):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>red Reset</li><li>green: Link 100 Mbit/s</li><li>yellow: Link 10 Mbit/s</li><li>OFF: No link</li></ul>																
LED TRF	<p>Activity of the Ethernet interface:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>red Reset</li><li>green: Traffic</li><li>OFF: No traffic</li></ul>																

Table 3-2 Ethernet interface

## Product Components

### Interfaces

#### 3.2.2 COM interfaces

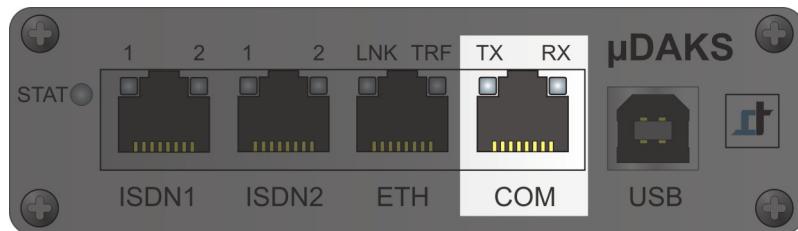


Image 3-7 COM interface

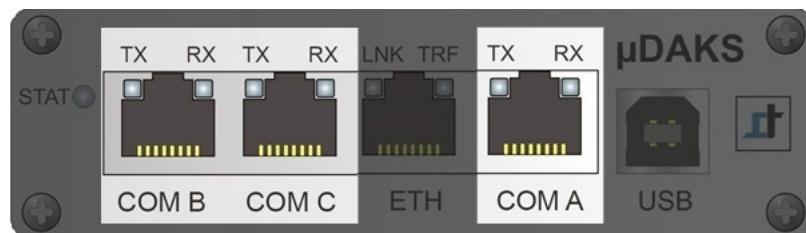


Image 3-8 COM A, B and C interface

Element	Description																													
COM COM A, B and C	RJ45 jack for connectivity to external add ons (electrically isolated): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RS232</li> <li>• RS422</li> </ul> <b>Pin assignment:</b> <table> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>RS232</th> <th>RS422</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Pin 1:</td> <td>n. c.</td> <td>n. c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 2:</td> <td>RTS</td> <td>Tx+/Y</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 3:</td> <td>GND</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 4:</td> <td>TxD</td> <td>Tx-/Z</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 5:</td> <td>RxD</td> <td>Rx+/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 6:</td> <td>n. c.</td> <td>n. c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 7:</td> <td>CTS</td> <td>Rx-/B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 8:</td> <td>DTR</td> <td>n. c.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				RS232	RS422	Pin 1:	n. c.	n. c.	Pin 2:	RTS	Tx+/Y	Pin 3:	GND	GND	Pin 4:	TxD	Tx-/Z	Pin 5:	RxD	Rx+/A	Pin 6:	n. c.	n. c.	Pin 7:	CTS	Rx-/B	Pin 8:	DTR	n. c.
	RS232	RS422																												
Pin 1:	n. c.	n. c.																												
Pin 2:	RTS	Tx+/Y																												
Pin 3:	GND	GND																												
Pin 4:	TxD	Tx-/Z																												
Pin 5:	RxD	Rx+/A																												
Pin 6:	n. c.	n. c.																												
Pin 7:	CTS	Rx-/B																												
Pin 8:	DTR	n. c.																												
LED TX	Status indicator: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• red: Reset</li> <li>• green: Data traffic</li> </ul>																													
LED RX	Status indicator: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• red: Reset</li> <li>• green: Data traffic</li> </ul>																													

Table 3-3 COM interfaces

## Product Components

### Interfaces

#### 3.2.3 ISDN interfaces

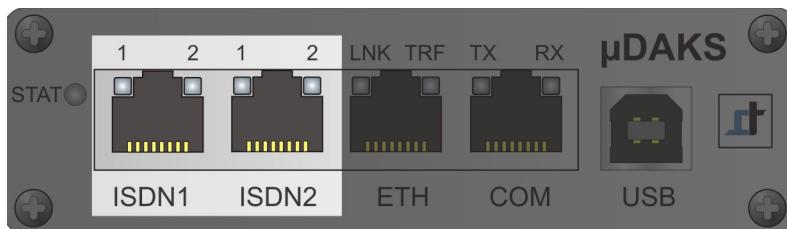


Image 3-9 ISDN interfaces

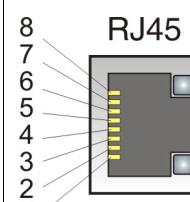
Element	Description																																				
ISDN 1	RJ45 jack for connectivity to the PBX:																																				
ISDN 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>E_1 (S_{2M}) / T_1</math></li> <li>• <math>S_0</math></li> <li>• <math>U_{K0}</math></li> </ul> <p><b>Pin assignment:</b></p>  <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>RJ45 Pin</th> <th><math>E_1/T_1</math></th> <th><math>S_0</math></th> <th><math>U_{K0}</math></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Pin 1:</td> <td>Rx+</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 2:</td> <td>Rx-</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 3:</td> <td>n. c.</td> <td>Tx+</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 4:</td> <td>Tx+</td> <td>Rx-</td> <td>a</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 5:</td> <td>Tx-</td> <td>Rx+</td> <td>b</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 6:</td> <td>n. c.</td> <td>Tx-</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 7:</td> <td>n. c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 8:</td> <td>n. c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Input resistance:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>E_1</math> <math>120 \Omega</math></li> <li>• <math>T_1</math> <math>100 \Omega</math></li> <li>• <math>S_0</math> <math>100 \Omega</math></li> </ul>	RJ45 Pin	$E_1/T_1$	$S_0$	$U_{K0}$	Pin 1:	Rx+	n.c.	n.c.	Pin 2:	Rx-	n.c.	n.c.	Pin 3:	n. c.	Tx+	n.c.	Pin 4:	Tx+	Rx-	a	Pin 5:	Tx-	Rx+	b	Pin 6:	n. c.	Tx-	n.c.	Pin 7:	n. c.	n.c.	n.c.	Pin 8:	n. c.	n.c.	n.c.
RJ45 Pin	$E_1/T_1$	$S_0$	$U_{K0}$																																		
Pin 1:	Rx+	n.c.	n.c.																																		
Pin 2:	Rx-	n.c.	n.c.																																		
Pin 3:	n. c.	Tx+	n.c.																																		
Pin 4:	Tx+	Rx-	a																																		
Pin 5:	Tx-	Rx+	b																																		
Pin 6:	n. c.	Tx-	n.c.																																		
Pin 7:	n. c.	n.c.	n.c.																																		
Pin 8:	n. c.	n.c.	n.c.																																		
LED 1	<p>Status indicator Layer 1 and 2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OFF Layer 1, Layer 2 inactive</li> <li>• red Layer 1 inactive</li> <li>• yellow Layer 1 active, Layer 2 inactive</li> <li>• green Layer 1 and Layer 2 active</li> <li>• green blinking Layer 1 inactive, Layer 2 active</li> </ul>																																				
LED 2	<p>Status indicator Layer 3:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OFF Layer 3 inactive</li> <li>• yellow Layer 3 active (all B-channels occupied)</li> <li>• green Layer 3 active (at least 1 B-channel occupied)</li> </ul>																																				

Table 3-4

ISDN interfaces

### 3.2.4 USB interface

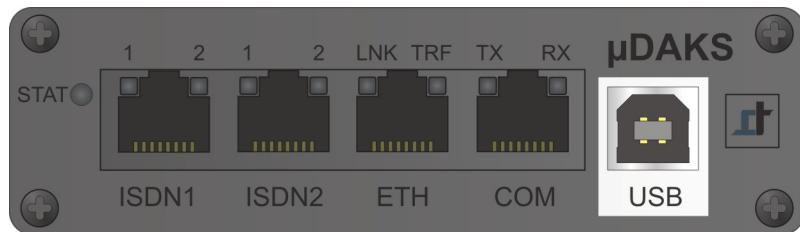


Image 3-10 USB interface

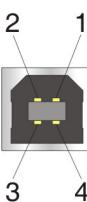
Element	Description
USB	USB plug type B: <b>Pin assignment:</b>  Pin 1: V <sub>Bus</sub> Pin 2: D- Pin 3: D+ Pin 4: GND

Table 3-5

USB interface

## Product Components

### Digital I/O

## 3.3 Digital I/O

### 3.3.1 Digital inputs

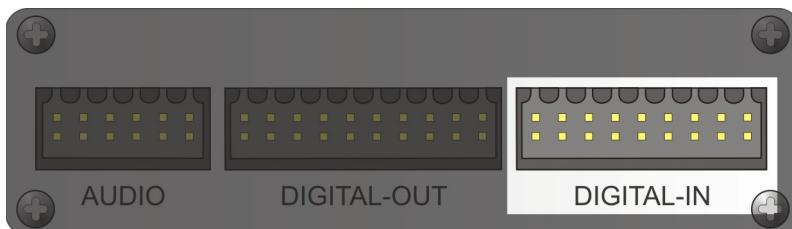


Image 3-11 Digital inputs

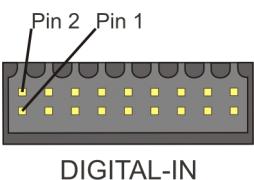
Element	Description																																				
DIGITAL-IN	<p>16 digital inputs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Internal feeding for direct connectivity of contacts</li></ul> <p><b>Pin assignment:</b></p>  <table><tbody><tr><td>Pin 1:</td><td>IN1</td><td>Pin 2:</td><td>IN2</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 3:</td><td>IN3</td><td>Pin 4:</td><td>IN4</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 5:</td><td>IN5</td><td>Pin 6:</td><td>IN6</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 7:</td><td>IN7</td><td>Pin 8:</td><td>IN8</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 9:</td><td>IN9</td><td>Pin 10:</td><td>IN10</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 11:</td><td>IN11</td><td>Pin 12:</td><td>IN12</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 13:</td><td>IN13</td><td>Pin 14:</td><td>IN14</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 15:</td><td>IN15</td><td>Pin 16:</td><td>IN16</td></tr><tr><td>Pin 17:</td><td>INCOM</td><td>Pin 18:</td><td>INCOM</td></tr></tbody></table>	Pin 1:	IN1	Pin 2:	IN2	Pin 3:	IN3	Pin 4:	IN4	Pin 5:	IN5	Pin 6:	IN6	Pin 7:	IN7	Pin 8:	IN8	Pin 9:	IN9	Pin 10:	IN10	Pin 11:	IN11	Pin 12:	IN12	Pin 13:	IN13	Pin 14:	IN14	Pin 15:	IN15	Pin 16:	IN16	Pin 17:	INCOM	Pin 18:	INCOM
Pin 1:	IN1	Pin 2:	IN2																																		
Pin 3:	IN3	Pin 4:	IN4																																		
Pin 5:	IN5	Pin 6:	IN6																																		
Pin 7:	IN7	Pin 8:	IN8																																		
Pin 9:	IN9	Pin 10:	IN10																																		
Pin 11:	IN11	Pin 12:	IN12																																		
Pin 13:	IN13	Pin 14:	IN14																																		
Pin 15:	IN15	Pin 16:	IN16																																		
Pin 17:	INCOM	Pin 18:	INCOM																																		

Table 3-6 Digital inputs

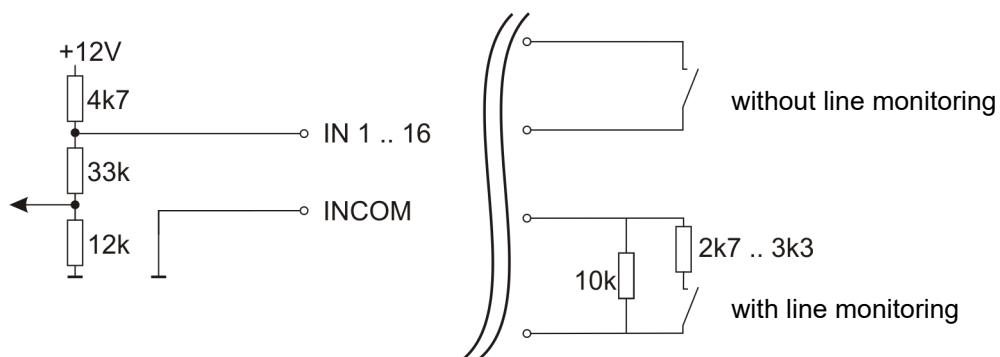


Image 3-12 Wiring of the digital inputs

### 3.3.2 Digital outputs

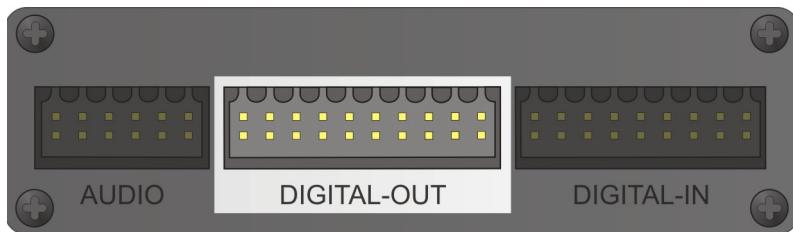


Image 3-13 Digital outputs

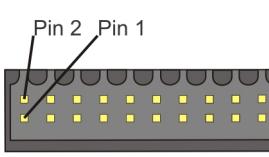
Element	Description																																								
DIGITAL-OUT	<p>8 digital outputs (electrically isolated, also from one another):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>U_{max}</math> 60 V DC</li> <li>• <math>I_{max}</math> 0.1 A</li> <li>• <math>R_{ON}</math> 11 <math>\Omega</math></li> </ul> <p>1 Relay output (electrically isolated):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>U_{max}</math> 60 V DC</li> <li>• <math>I_{max}</math> 1 A</li> <li>• <math>P_{max}</math> 30 W</li> </ul> <p><b>Pin assignment:</b></p>  <table> <tr> <td>Pin 1:</td> <td>GND</td> <td>Pin 2:</td> <td>REL-NC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 3:</td> <td>REL-C</td> <td>Pin 4:</td> <td>REL-NO</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 5:</td> <td>OUT1A</td> <td>Pin 6:</td> <td>OUT1B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 7:</td> <td>OUT2A</td> <td>Pin 8:</td> <td>OUT2B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 9:</td> <td>OUT3A</td> <td>Pin 10:</td> <td>OUT3B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 11:</td> <td>OUT4A</td> <td>Pin 12:</td> <td>OUT4B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 13:</td> <td>OUT5A</td> <td>Pin 14:</td> <td>OUT5B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 15:</td> <td>OUT6A</td> <td>Pin 16:</td> <td>OUT6B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 17:</td> <td>OUT7A</td> <td>Pin 18:</td> <td>OUT7B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 19:</td> <td>OUT8A</td> <td>Pin 20:</td> <td>OUT8B</td> </tr> </table>	Pin 1:	GND	Pin 2:	REL-NC	Pin 3:	REL-C	Pin 4:	REL-NO	Pin 5:	OUT1A	Pin 6:	OUT1B	Pin 7:	OUT2A	Pin 8:	OUT2B	Pin 9:	OUT3A	Pin 10:	OUT3B	Pin 11:	OUT4A	Pin 12:	OUT4B	Pin 13:	OUT5A	Pin 14:	OUT5B	Pin 15:	OUT6A	Pin 16:	OUT6B	Pin 17:	OUT7A	Pin 18:	OUT7B	Pin 19:	OUT8A	Pin 20:	OUT8B
Pin 1:	GND	Pin 2:	REL-NC																																						
Pin 3:	REL-C	Pin 4:	REL-NO																																						
Pin 5:	OUT1A	Pin 6:	OUT1B																																						
Pin 7:	OUT2A	Pin 8:	OUT2B																																						
Pin 9:	OUT3A	Pin 10:	OUT3B																																						
Pin 11:	OUT4A	Pin 12:	OUT4B																																						
Pin 13:	OUT5A	Pin 14:	OUT5B																																						
Pin 15:	OUT6A	Pin 16:	OUT6B																																						
Pin 17:	OUT7A	Pin 18:	OUT7B																																						
Pin 19:	OUT8A	Pin 20:	OUT8B																																						

Table 3-7

Digital outputs

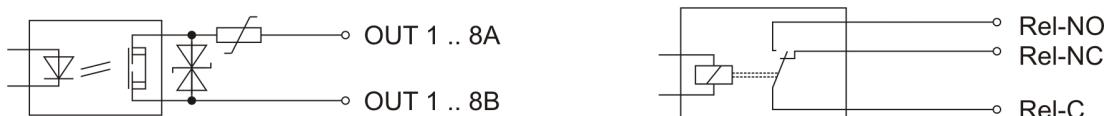


Image 3-14 Wiring of the digital outputs

## Product Components

### microSD card

#### 3.4 microSD card

- **Order number:**
- **Function:**

TNK:UD-SD-2G

The microSD card is used for mass storage in OScAR Eco 100. It is here that all non-volatile data that is needed to operate OScAR Eco 100 is stored (e.g. operating system, driver, license information, applications, application data, and the protocols).

- **Technical data:**

Storage capacity: 2 GB



#### Caution!

The microSD card TNK:UD-SD-2G cannot be replaced with any commercially available microSD card.

#### 3.5 Add ons

##### 3.5.1 DCE-01 adaptor

- **Order number:**
- **Function:**

TNK:A-DCE-01

Adaptor from RJ45 to SUB D-09-F to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a DTE with local handshake, e.g. a PC;  
See Chapter 5, "Wiring Plans"

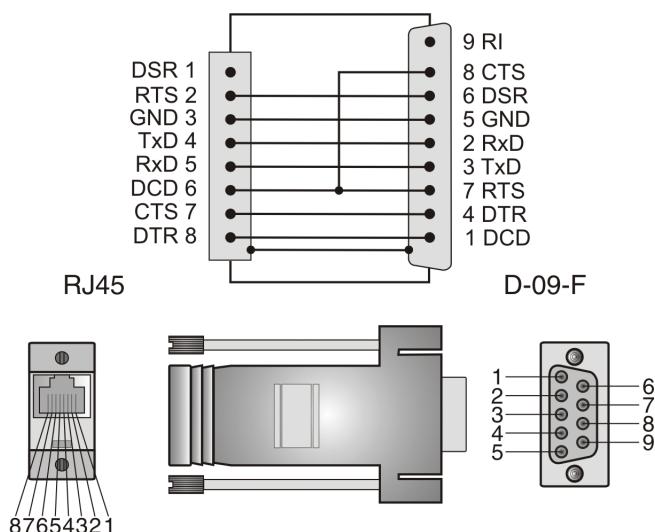


Image 3-15 DCE adaptor with a local handshake

## Product Components

### Add ons

#### 3.5.2 DTE adaptor

- **Order number:** TNK:A-DTE-01
- **Function:** Adaptor from RJ45 to SUB D-09-M to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a DCE, e.g. a modem;  
See Chapter 5, "Wiring Plans"

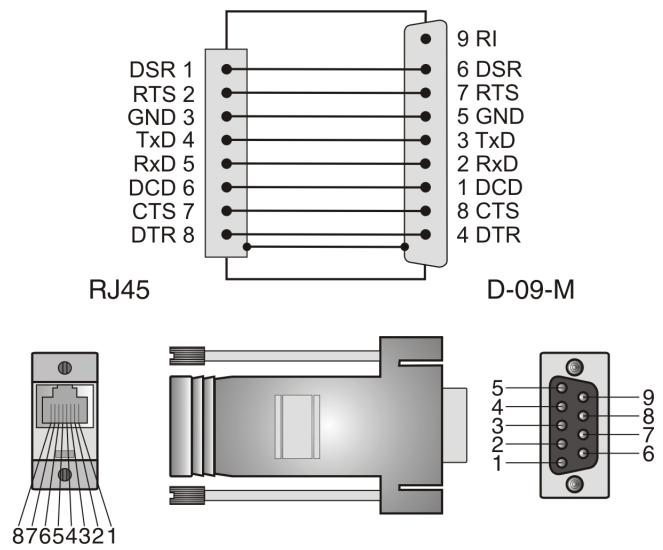


Image 3-16 DTE Adaptor

## Product Components

### Add ons

#### 3.5.3 CSA converter

- **Order number:** TNK:CSA-01
- **Function:** To convert an RS-422 interface into an RS-232 interface  
See Section 5.6, "Line Extension of the COM interfaces"

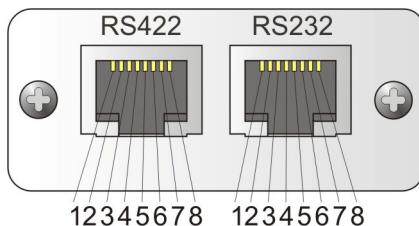


Image 3-17 CSA converter

##### Pin assignment RS422:

– Pin 1:	n.c.
– Pin 2:	Rx+/A
– Pin 3:	GND
– Pin 4:	Rx-/B
– Pin 5:	Tx+/Y
– Pin 6:	n.c.
– Pin 7:	TX-/Z
– Pin 8:	n.c.

##### Pin assignment RS232:

– Pin 1:	DSR
– Pin 2:	RTS
– Pin 3:	GND
– Pin 4:	TxD
– Pin 5:	RxD
– Pin 6:	DCD
– Pin 7:	CTS
– Pin 8:	DTR



##### Note:

The CSA converter is powered through the RS232 connection and requires no further electric power supply.

### 3.5.4 Twin outlet line jack unit S<sub>0</sub> (shielded)

- **Order number:** TNK:UAE/8/8AP-S
- **Function:** Connect OScAR Eco 100 to a PBX  
See Section 5.3, "Wiring plan of the ISDN-S0 interface"

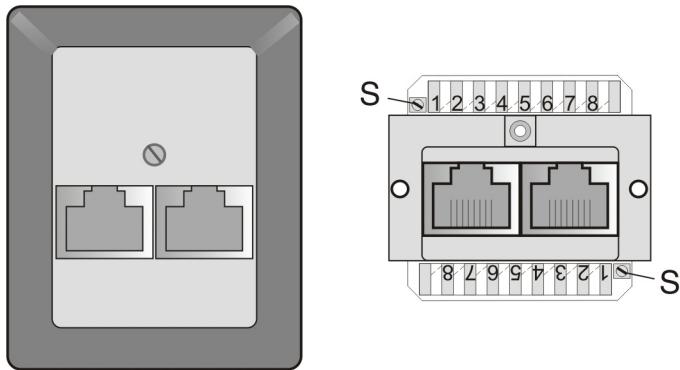


Image 3-18 Twin outlet line jack unit S<sub>0</sub> (shielded)

### 3.5.5 Single outlet line jack unit RS422 (unshielded)

- **Order number:** TNK:UAE8AP
- **Function:** The single socket is used for line extension via RS422  
see Section 5.5, "Wiring plan of the COM interfaces"

The Pin assignment of the RJ45 socket results from the interface to which it is connected.

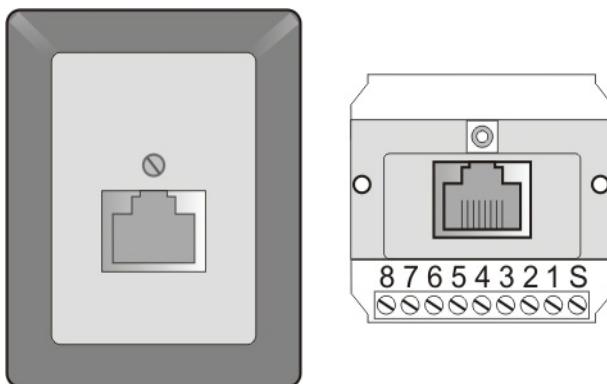


Image 3-19 Single outlet line jack unit RS422 (unshielded)

## Product Components

### Add ons

#### 3.5.6 USB cable cord

- **Order number:** TNK:K-USBAB-0300
- **Function:** To connect OScAR Eco 100 to a Service PC

#### Technical details:

- Length 3.00 m
- Connection: Plug type A/B

#### 3.5.7 Patch cable cord

- **Order number:** TNK:K-CAT6-0300
- **Function:** Connector cable to link up various interfaces (e.g. LAN, RS232, RS422, S<sub>0</sub>, E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub>)

#### Technical details:

- Length 3.00 m
- Category: CAT6, shielded
- PIN assignment In keeping with EIA/TIA T568A or EIA/TIA T568B, resp.

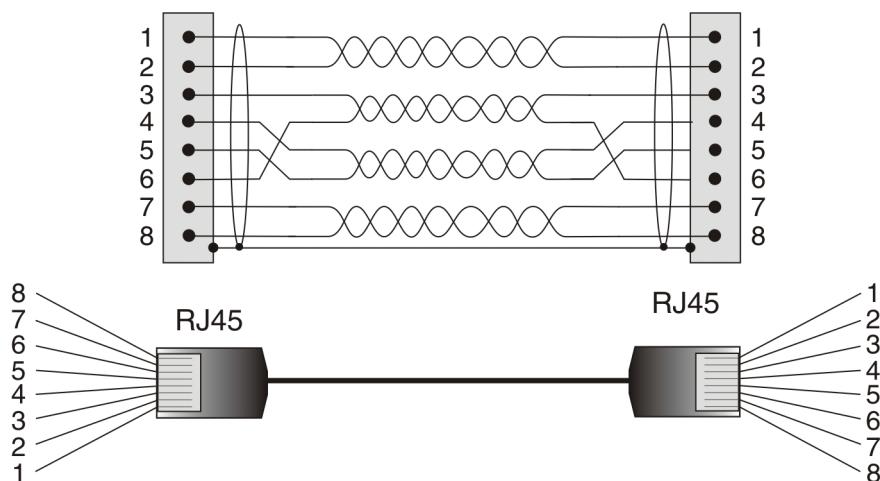


Image 3-20 Patch cable cord

## Product Components

### Add ons

#### 3.5.8 PoE injector

- **Order number:** TNK:POE<sub>1</sub>
- **Function:** Power supply of OScAR Eco 100 via Power over Ethernet, incl. link-up of OScAR Eco 100 to the LAN in keeping with IEEE 802.3af

##### Technical details:

- Input voltage: 100 ... 240VAC at 50-60Hz
- max. power consumption: 400 mA
- Output voltage: 48V
- Output current: 320 mA



Image 3-21 PoE injector

##### Connector specification:

- IN In keeping with 10/100/1000-Base-T
- OUT In keeping with IEEE 802.3af
- Power IEC socket to connect the PSU to the power supply

## Product Components

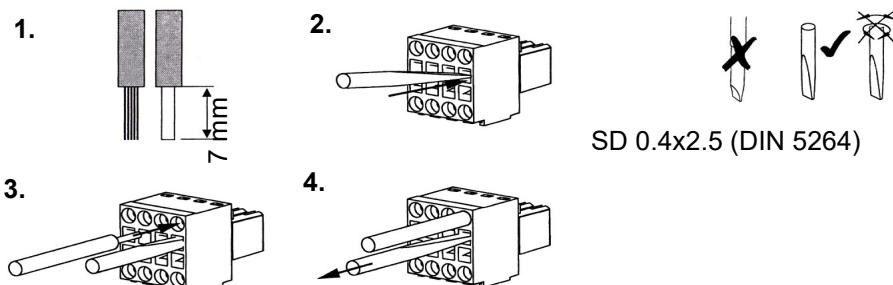
### Add ons

#### 3.5.9 Special connector for digital inputs

- **Order number:** TNK:ST-2L18
- **Function:** 18-pin clamp connector to connect the digital inputs

The below picture illustrates the line connector in the spring-cage system.

The connectors have a straight outlet direction with a 3.5 mm pitch.



#### Caution!



No strands may be visible from the outside!

Image 3-22 Special connector for digital inputs

#### 3.5.10 Special connector for digital outputs

- **Order number:** TNK:ST-2L20
- **Function:** 20-pin clamp connector to link up the digital outputs

“Special connector for digital inputs” on page 26 (see above) illustrates the spring-cage system.

The connectors have a straight outlet direction with a 3.5 mm pitch.

#### 3.5.11 Special connector for audio I/O

- **Order number:** TNK:2L12
- **Function:** 11-pin clamp connector to connect the audio I/O

“Special connector for digital inputs” on page 26 illustrates the spring-cage system.

The connectors have a straight outlet direction with a 3.5 mm pitch.

#### 3.5.12 Rating data for line connections of the digital I/O and audio

The line connections of the digital inputs, digital outputs and audio meet the following rating data in keeping with IEC 60664-1 / IEC 61984:

Description	Size	Value
max. clamping range	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.08...1
single wire H05(07) V-U	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2...1
fine wire H05(07) V-K	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2...1
fine wire with end splice (German short: AEH)	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.13...0.34
End splice (AEH) with plastic collar	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.13...0.34
Stripping length	mm	7

Table 3-8

Rating data for line connections digital I/O und audio

## 3.6 LAN printer

- **Order number:** TNK:OM280LAN
- **Function:** Protocol printer with LAN connectivity

The following components are included in the printer delivery package:

- Dot-matrix printer OKI Microline 280
- LAN Module
- PSU for power supply of the LAN interface

**Note:**

The documentation on the OKI Microline 280 printer is on the CD that is part of the OKI Microline 280 delivery package.

The documentation on the LAN module is on the CD that is part of the LAN module delivery package.

Bear in mind that an OKI Microline 280 with a serial interface cannot be used as a LAN printer.

**Caution!**

The USB interface of an OKI Microline 280 may not be connected in parallel, if the printer is used as the protocol printer for OScAR Eco 100!

The IP address of the LAN interface upon delivery reads '192.168.100.100'. To configure the interface, connect the printer to a PC/Laptop with a crossover patch cable cord (not included in the delivery)!

In this process, be careful to follow the setup instructions in the LAN module's documentation.

### 3.6.1 Connect the printer to the LAN

How to connect the printer to the LAN, step by step:

No.	Step
1.	If needed, switch the printer OFF and pull the power cable from the printer.
2.	Plug the LAN module into the printer's Centronics interface.
3.	To configure the LAN module connect it either directly to the network, or connect it to a PC or laptop with a crossover patch cable (see above).
4.	Connect the LAN module to the PSU.
5.	Plug the power cable into the printer and switch the printer ON.
6.	Configure the LAN module. ? see documentation of the LAN module
7.	If needed, switch the printer emulation 'IBM' to ON (activated by default). ? see OKI Microline 280 documentation
8.	If you have installed the printer through a crossover patch cable connect to the LAN.

Table 3-9      Connect the printer to the LAN

## Product Components

---

*LAN printer*

## **4      Hardware Operations**

### **Overview**

This chapter describes the hardware operations and also includes the safety instructions in German, Finnish, Danish and Swedish.

### **Content**

The following areas are covered in this chapter:

- 4.1    General safety instructions-
  - 4.1.1    Safety instructions for Denmark
  - 4.1.2    Safety instructions for Finland
  - 4.1.3    Safety instructions for Sweden
- 4.2    Open and close the hardware casing
- 4.3    Insert and remove the ISDN module
- 4.4    Insert and remove the COM module
- 4.5    Insert and remove the microSD card

#### 4.1 General safety instructions-

**Note:**

Fire security and life safety features were not evaluated during the UL test.

**Warning!**

Always make sure you read the installation instructions carefully before you connect the system to the electric power source.

**Warning!**

Please follow the general safety instructions and the recommended measures for ESD protection.

**Warning!**

OScAR Eco 100 may not be operated in explosion-risk areas or rooms.

**Warning!**

OScAR Eco 100 may only be operated on switches with PoE (Power over Ethernet) or PoE injectors. Please follow the safety information and safety instructions of these devices.

**Warning!**

After disconnecting the Ethernet power cord, make sure that no current-carrying parts of the Ethernet power plug come into contact with metallic objects.

**Warning!**

During a thunderstorm, do not perform any operations on the system and do not connect or pull any cables or cords.

**Warning!**

The sockets marked "ETH", "USB", "COM", "DIGITAL OUT", "DIGITAL IN", and "AUDIO" are safety switches with an extra low voltage (Safety Extra Low Voltage, SELV). Always make sure that SELV switches are only connected to other SELV switches.

**Warning!**

The sockets marked "ISDN 1" and "ISDN 2" are safety switches with TNV-1 circuits.

**Warning!**

OScAR Eco 100 is designed as a tabletop solution for operation in an EDP or lab environment, and requires a surrounding that is dry, clean, well-ventilated, and air conditioned. OScAR Eco 100 is cooled exclusively by way of convection, i.e. no fans are built into OScAR Eco 100. For more details on the required ambient temperature and the humidity, see Chapter 2, "OScAR Eco 100 Specification".

**Warning!**

OScAR Eco 100 may only be repaired or serviced by the producer and with the original parts. No components or parts of the boards may be replaced or exchanged by the user.

**Warning!**

This product may only be disposed in keeping with the pertinent statutory laws and regulations.

**Note:** OScAR Eco 100 has no batteries!

#### 4.1.1 Safety instructions for Denmark



##### Vigtigt!

Lederen med grøn/gul isolation må kuntilsluttes en klemme mærket (IEC 417, No. 5019) eller (IEC 417, No. 5017).

For tilslutning af de øvrige ledere, se medfølgende installationsvejledning".

#### 4.1.2 Safety instructions for Finland



##### Variotus!

Laite on liitettävä suojaamaadoituskoskettimilla varustettuun pistorasiaan.

#### 4.1.3 Safety instructions for Sweden



##### Varngd!

Apparaten skall anslutas till jordat uttag.

## 4.2 Open and close the hardware casing

**Warning!**

Before you carry out any servicing work on OScAR Eco 100, always make sure to disconnect the Ethernet interface as the electric power supply, as well as ALL other connections.

**How to open and close the casing, step by step:**

No.	Step
1.	<p>Disconnect the Ethernet connection. Pull all other connections. See Section 4.1, "General safety instructions"-</p>
2.	<p>Now remove the UPPER fastening screws at the face and rear panel of the casing.</p>
3.	<p>Remove the casing top.</p>
4.	<p>Now close the casing again, in the reverse order of steps.</p> <p><b>Caution!</b>  Be mindful of the mounting direction of the casing top and, if needed, make a note of it. The casing top is not symmetrical and must, in the reassembly, be placed back in the same direction as before the disassembly.</p>
5.	<p>Plug in all connections to OScAR Eco 100 with the exception of the Ethernet connection. Plug in the Ethernet connection to OScAR Eco 100. ? see <b>Warning!</b></p>

Table 4-1

How to open and close the casing

## Hardware Operations

### Insert and remove the ISDN module

#### 4.3 Insert and remove the ISDN module

How to insert and remove the ISDN module, step by step:

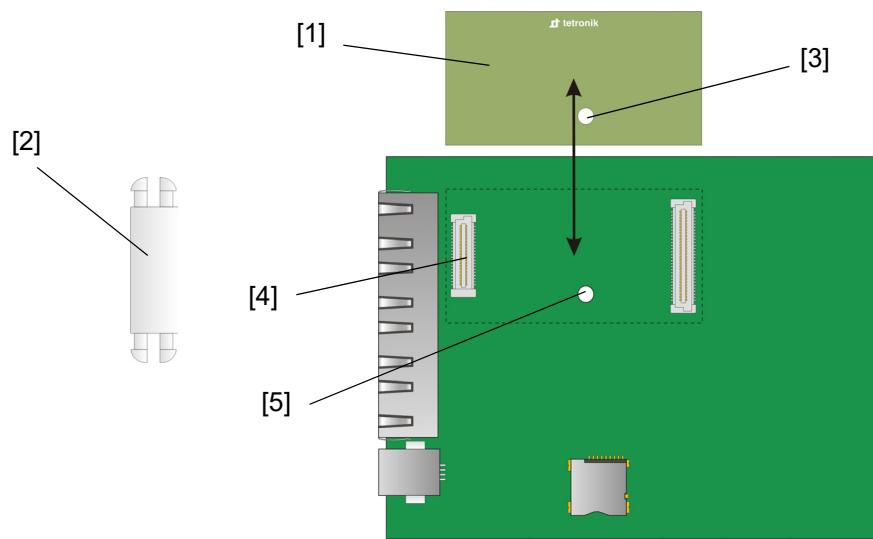
No.	Step
1.	<p>Open the casing. See Section 4.2, "Open and close the hardware casing"</p>
2.	<p>Insert and remove the ISDN module [1] of the type IIE-02, IIS-02 or IIU-02:</p> <p><b>To insert:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Snap and lock into place the plastic clip [2] in the mounting hole [5] on the motherboard.</li> <li>• Plug the ISDN module [1] onto the plug connector [4] and click-to-fasten-into-place the plastic clip in the mounting hole [5] of the motherboard, using the mounting hole of the ISDN module [3].</li> </ul> <p><b>To remove:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Remove the plastic clip [2] by pressing both sides of the clip together at the top.</li> <li>• Lift the ISDN module [1] from the plug connector [4].</li> <li>• Remove the plastic clip [2] from the mounting hole [5] of the motherboard.</li> </ul> <p><b>Caution!</b>   The ISDN module [1] of the type IIE-02, IIS-02 or IIU-02 must always be attached and fastened with the plastic clip [2].</p> 
3.	<p>Now close the casing again. See Section 4.2, "Open and close the hardware casing"</p>

Table 4-2

Insert and remove the ISDN module

**4.4**

**Insert and remove the COM module**

**How to insert and remove the COM module, step by step:**

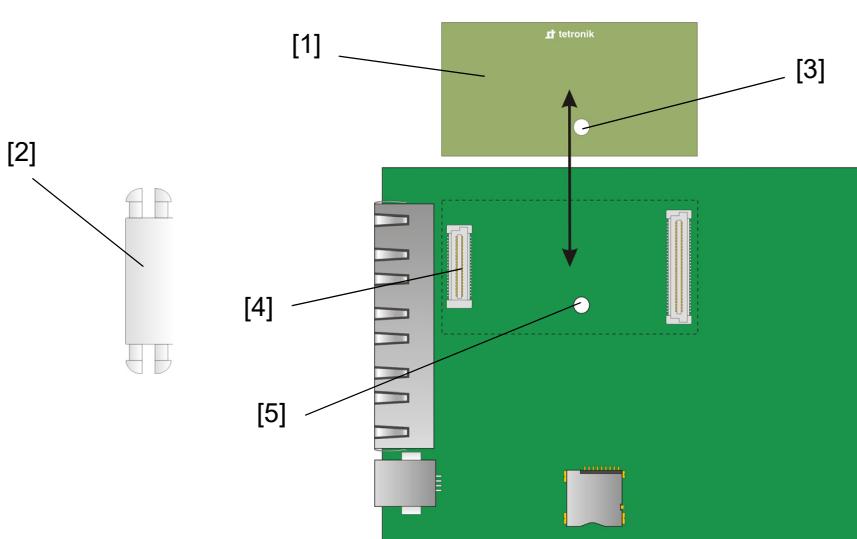
No.	Step
1.	<p>Open the casing. See Section 4.2, "Open and close the hardware casing"</p>
2.	<p>Insert and remove the COM module [1] of the type ISX-01.</p> <p><b>To insert:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Snap and lock into place the plastic clip [2] in the mounting hole [5] on the motherboard.</li> <li>• Plug the COM module [1] onto the plug connector [4] and click-to-fasten-into-place the plastic clip in the mounting hole [5] of the motherboard, using the mounting hole of the COM module [3].</li> </ul> <p><b>To remove:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Remove the plastic clip [2] by pressing both sides of the clip together at the top.</li> <li>• Lift the COM module [1] from the plug connector [4].</li> <li>• Remove the plastic clip [2] from the mounting hole [5] of the motherboard.</li> </ul> <p><b>Caution!</b></p>  <p>The COM module [1] of the type ISX-01 must always be attached and fastened with the plastic clip [2].</p> 
3.	<p>Now close the casing again.</p> <p>? see Section 4.2, "Open and close the hardware casing"</p>

Table 4-3

Insert and remove the COM module

## Hardware Operations

### Insert and remove the microSD card



#### Caution!

The microSD card does not need to be replaced unless there is a defect on the card itself.

#### How to insert and remove the microSD card, step by step:

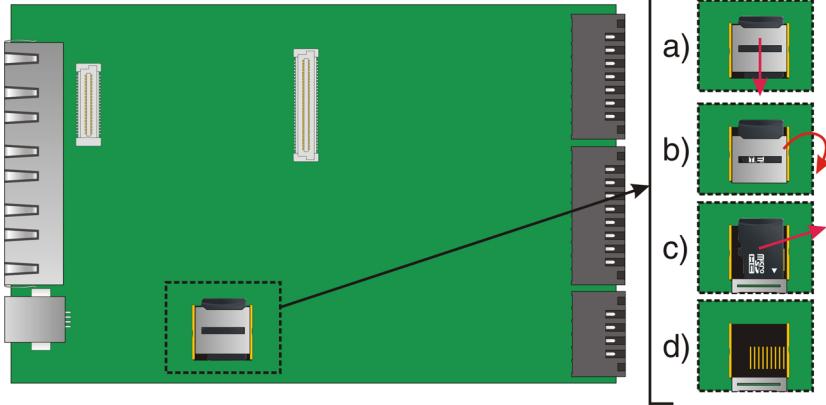
No.	Step
1.	Open the casing. See Section 4.2, "Open and close the hardware casing"
2.	 <p>To remove the microSD card:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Slide the metal lid towards the board's edge.</li><li>b) Flip the metal lid up.</li><li>c) Remove the microSD card.</li><li>d) The contacts of the microSD card retainer are now visible.</li></ul>
3.	Insert the microSD card you want to mount in the reverse order of the above-mentioned steps 2a) through 2c). Please bear in mind for the microSD card: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The contacts must be face down.</li><li>The groove must point to the left.</li></ul>
4.	Now close the casing again. ? see Section 4.2, "Open and close the hardware casing"

Table 4-4 Insert and remove the microSD card

## Hardware Operations

---

*Insert and remove the microSD card*

## **5      Wiring Plans**

### **Overview**

This chapter covers the different wiring plans of OScAR Eco 100.

### **Content**

The following areas are covered in this chapter:

- 5.1    Wiring plan of the USB interface
- 5.2    Wiring plan of the Ethernet interface with power supply
- 5.3    Wiring plan of the ISDN-S0 interface
- 5.4    Wiring plan of the ISDN-E1/T1 interface
- 5.5    Wiring plan of the COM interfaces
- 5.6    Line Extension of the COM interfaces

## Wiring Plans

### Wiring plan of the USB interface

#### 5.1 Wiring plan of the USB interface

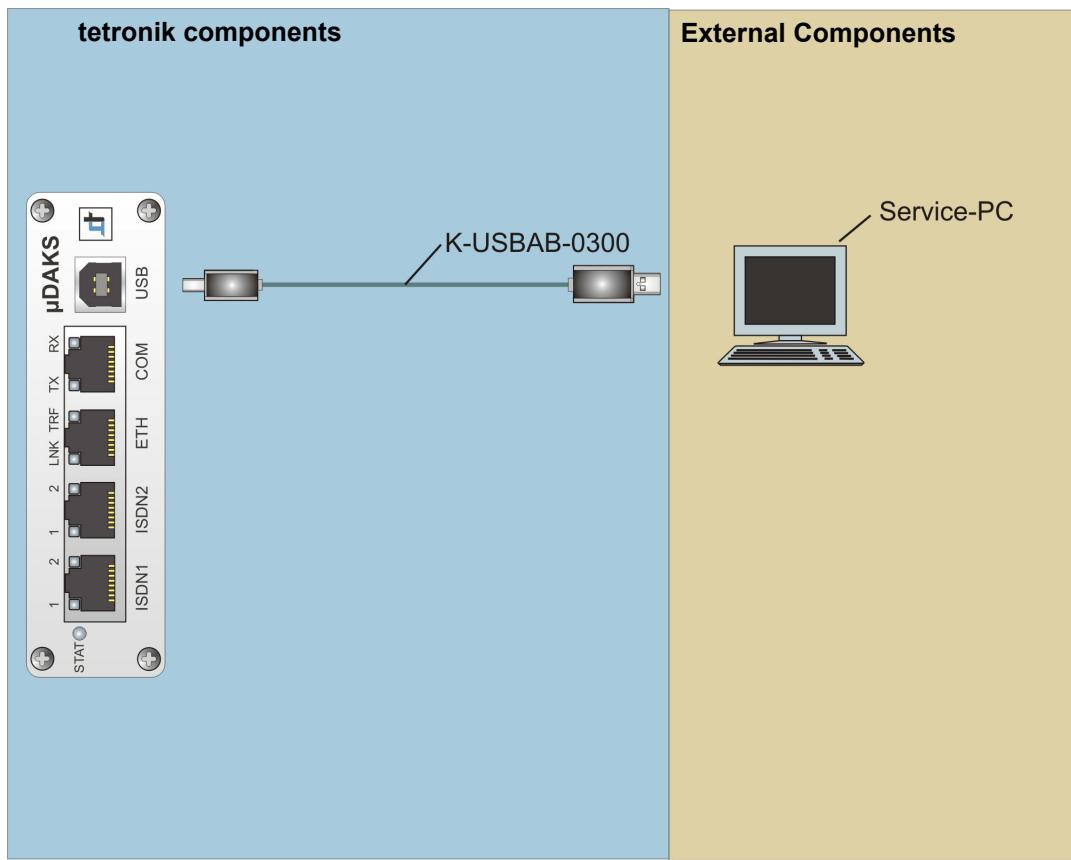


Image 5-1 USB wiring plan

Element	Description
K-USBAB-0300	USB cable cord
Service PC	PC with terminal emulation program

Table 5-1 USB wiring plan

## Wiring Plans

Wiring plan of the Ethernet interface with power supply

### 5.2 Wiring plan of the Ethernet interface with power supply

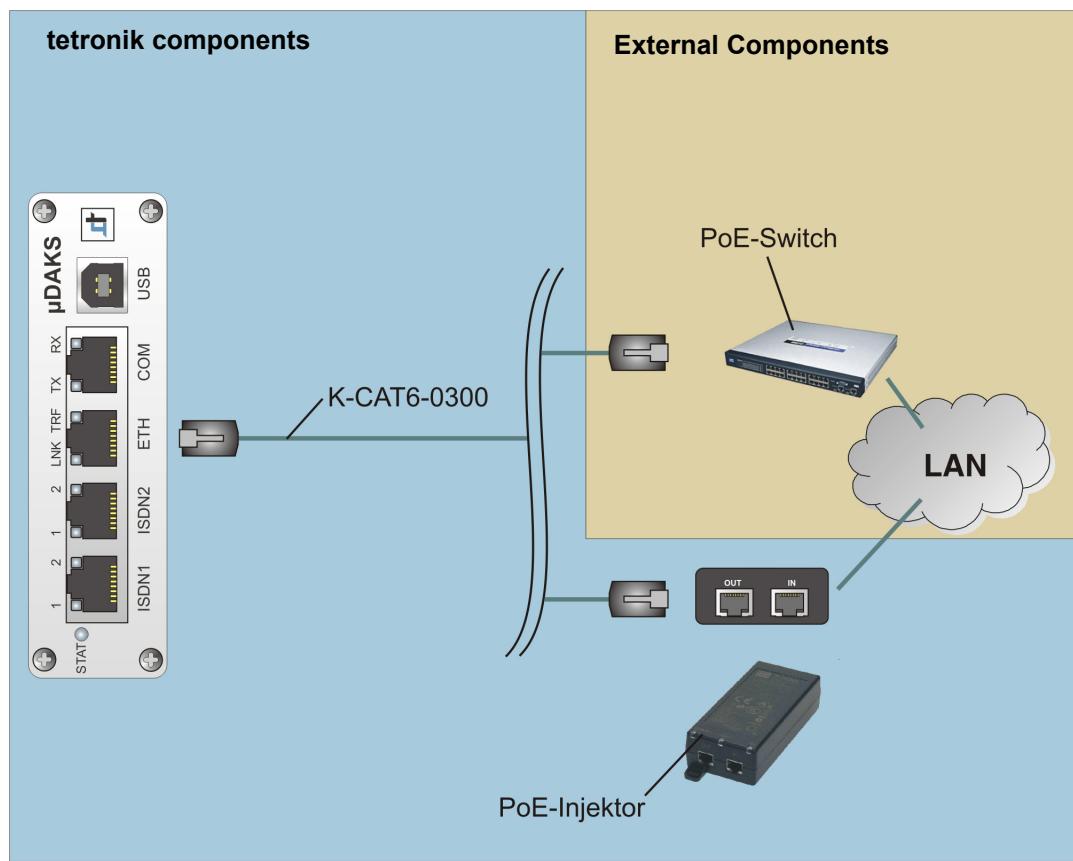


Image 5-2 Ethernet wiring plan

Element	Description
K-CAT6-0300	Standard patch cable
PoE switch	Power supply alternatively from OScAR Eco 100 and link-up to the LAN
PoE injector	

Table 5-2 Ethernet wiring plan

## Wiring Plans

### Wiring plan of the ISDN-S<sub>0</sub> interface

#### 5.3 Wiring plan of the ISDN-S<sub>0</sub> interface

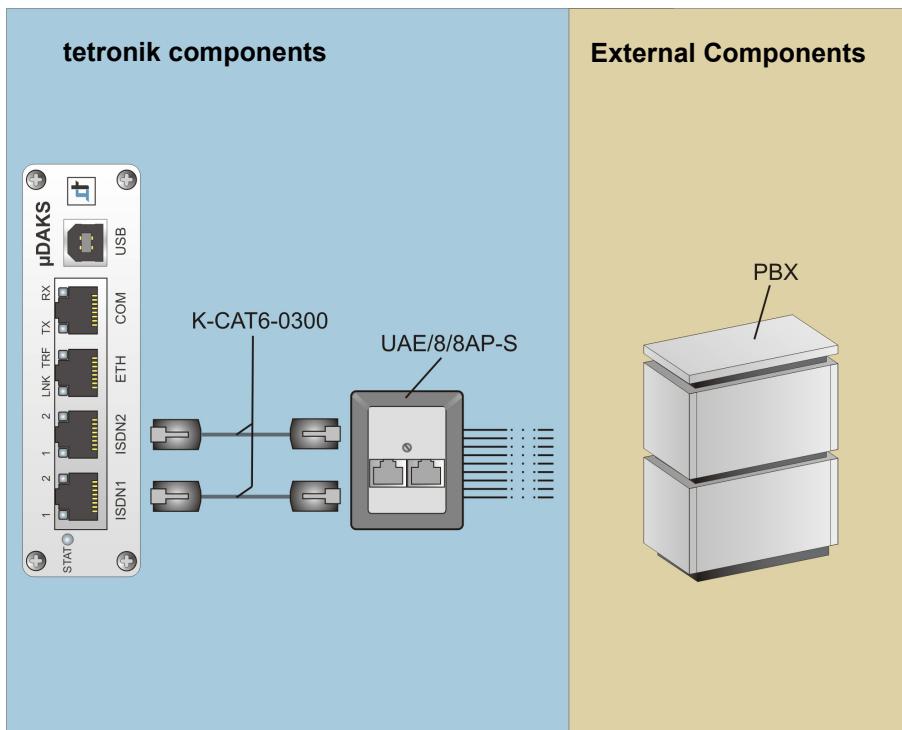


Image 5-3 Wiring plan ISDN S<sub>0</sub> and U<sub>K0</sub>

**Note:**

Be careful to connect U<sub>K0</sub> only at the port ISDN 1.

**Warning!**

For ISDN connections, please use connection cables with a diameter of at least 0.4 mm (AWG26 or superior).

Element	Description	S <sub>0</sub>	U <sub>K0</sub>																											
K-CAT6-0300	Standard patch cable																													
PBX	Public exchange system																													
UAE/8/8AP-S	Socket for S <sub>0</sub> to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a PBX.		<table> <tr> <td>Pin 1:</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 2:</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 3:</td> <td>Tx+</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 4:</td> <td>Rx-</td> <td>a</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 5:</td> <td>Rx+</td> <td>b</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 6:</td> <td>Tx-</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 7:</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 8:</td> <td>n.c.</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[S]</td> <td>Shield</td> <td>Shield</td> </tr> </table>	Pin 1:	n.c.	n.c.	Pin 2:	n.c.	n.c.	Pin 3:	Tx+	n.c.	Pin 4:	Rx-	a	Pin 5:	Rx+	b	Pin 6:	Tx-	n.c.	Pin 7:	n.c.	n.c.	Pin 8:	n.c.	n.c.	[S]	Shield	Shield
Pin 1:	n.c.	n.c.																												
Pin 2:	n.c.	n.c.																												
Pin 3:	Tx+	n.c.																												
Pin 4:	Rx-	a																												
Pin 5:	Rx+	b																												
Pin 6:	Tx-	n.c.																												
Pin 7:	n.c.	n.c.																												
Pin 8:	n.c.	n.c.																												
[S]	Shield	Shield																												

Table 5-3

Wiring plan ISDN S<sub>0</sub> and U<sub>K0</sub>

## Wiring Plans

### Wiring plan of the ISDN-S0 interface

Element	Description		
RJ45	Pin assignment of the patch cable plug to connect OScAR Eco 100 to any PBX system.		
	1	<b>S<sub>0</sub></b>	<b>U<sub>K0</sub></b>
	2	Pin 1:	n.c.
	3	Pin 2:	n.c.
	4	Pin 3:	Tx+
	5	Pin 4:	Rx-
	6	Pin 5:	Rx+
	7	Pin 6:	Tx-
	8	Pin 7:	n.c.
		Pin 8:	n.c.

Table 5-3      Wiring plan ISDN S<sub>0</sub> and U<sub>K0</sub>

## Wiring Plans

Wiring plan of the ISDN-E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub> interface

### 5.4 Wiring plan of the ISDN-E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub> interface

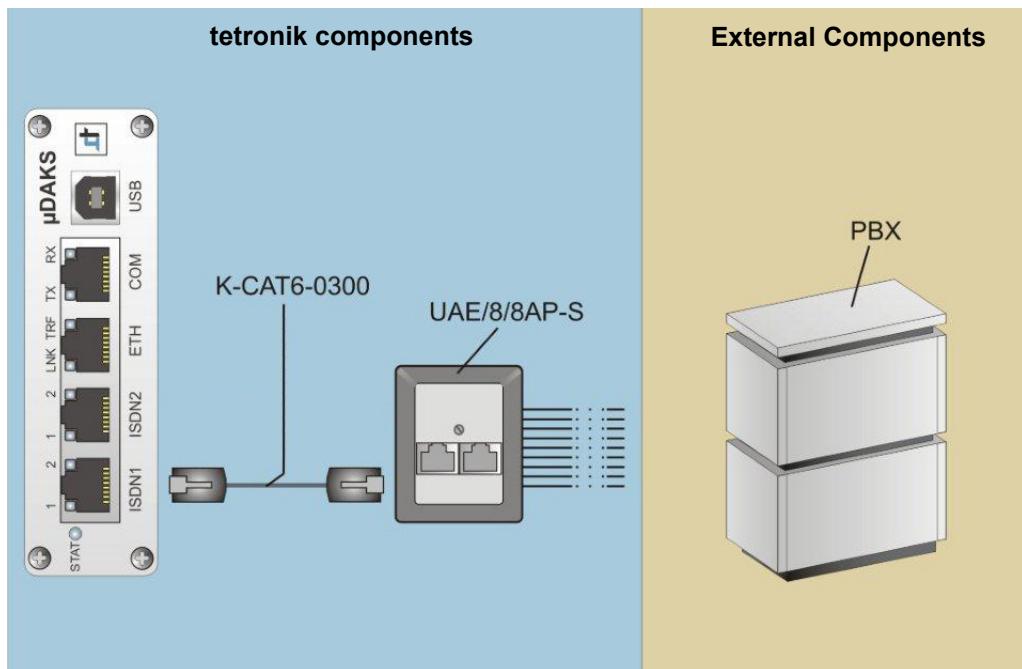


Image 5-4 Wiring plan ISDN E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub>



**Note:**

Please be sure to connect E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub> only at the port ISDN1.



**Warning!**

For ISDN connections only use connection cables with a diameter of at least 0.4 mm (AWG26 or superior).

Element	Description
K-CAT6-0300	Standard patch cable
PBX	Public exchange system
UAE/8/8AP-S	Socket for E <sub>1</sub> /T <sub>1</sub> to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a PBX.

**E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub>**

Pin 1: Rx+  
 Pin 2: Rx-  
 Pin 3: n.c.  
 Pin 4: Tx+  
 Pin 5: Tx-  
 Pin 6: n.c.  
 Pin 7: n.c.  
 Pin 8: n.c.  
 [S] Shield

The diagram shows the UAE/8/8AP-S socket with its pinout. The top row of pins (1-8) is labeled [S] and the bottom row (8-1) is labeled [S]. The top row connects to the E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub> port, and the bottom row connects to the patch cable. The center pin (5) is labeled 'n.c.' (no connection).

Table 5-4

Wiring plan ISDN E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub>

## Wiring Plans

### Wiring plan of the ISDN-E1/T1 interface

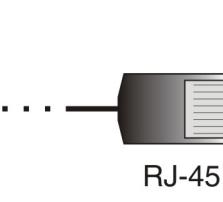
Element	Description																			
RJ45	<p>Pin assignment of the plug of the patch cable, to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a PBX system with the Pins 4 and 5 being = TX, and the Pins 1 and 2 being = RX</p>  <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Pin</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Rx+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Rx-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Tx+</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Tx-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>n.c.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Pin	Description	1	Rx+	2	Rx-	3	n.c.	4	Tx+	5	Tx-	6	n.c.	7	n.c.	8	n.c.	<b>E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub></b>
Pin	Description																			
1	Rx+																			
2	Rx-																			
3	n.c.																			
4	Tx+																			
5	Tx-																			
6	n.c.																			
7	n.c.																			
8	n.c.																			

Table 5-4

Wiring plan ISDN E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub>



#### Caution!

When you connect the system to the PBX system, always make sure that the Tx lines of OScAR Eco 100 are connected to the Rx lines of the PBX system, and also that the Rx lines of OScAR Eco 100 are always connected to the Tx lines of the PBX system.

If the PBX connection is not via the patch cable (included in the delivery), via the junction box and via an inhouse connection, but instead linked-up directly via a cable with double-sided RJ-45 connections, you will usually not utilize the included patch cable cord, but a twisted-pair E<sub>1</sub>/T<sub>1</sub> cable, instead, (i.e. when on the PBX side the Pins 1 and 2 are = Rx, and the Pins 4 and 5 are = Tx).

## Wiring Plans

### Wiring plan of the COM interfaces

#### 5.5 Wiring plan of the COM interfaces

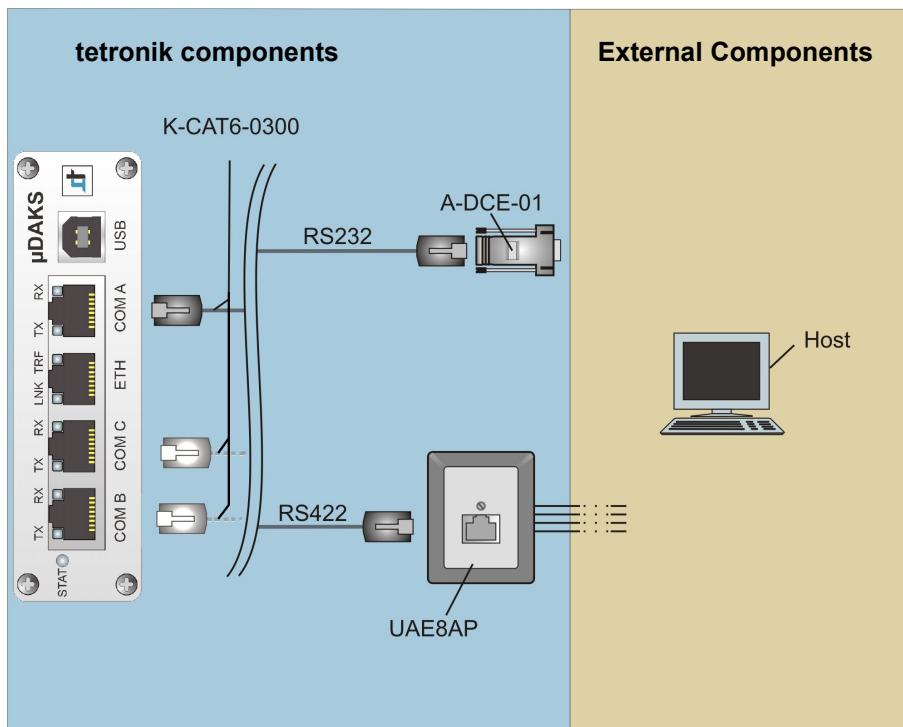


Image 5-5 Wiring plan of the COM interfaces



#### Warning!

Line lengths exceeding 15 m require a line extension of the serial connections.

? see Section 5.6, "Line Extension of the COM interfaces"

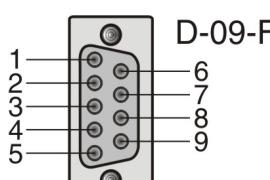
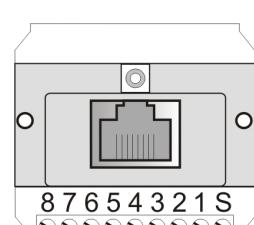
Element	Comment																				
K-CAT6-0300	Standard patch cable																				
PC/Host	Data Terminal Equipment (DTE), e.g. a nurse call system, connected either via RS232 or via RS422																				
A-DCE-01	Adaptor to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a DTE device  <table> <tr> <td>Pin 1:</td> <td>DCD</td> <td>Pin 6:</td> <td>DSR</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 2:</td> <td>RxD</td> <td>Pin 7:</td> <td>RTS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 3:</td> <td>TxD</td> <td>Pin 8:</td> <td>CTS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 4:</td> <td>DTR</td> <td>Pin 9:</td> <td>RI</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 5:</td> <td>GND</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	Pin 1:	DCD	Pin 6:	DSR	Pin 2:	RxD	Pin 7:	RTS	Pin 3:	TxD	Pin 8:	CTS	Pin 4:	DTR	Pin 9:	RI	Pin 5:	GND		
Pin 1:	DCD	Pin 6:	DSR																		
Pin 2:	RxD	Pin 7:	RTS																		
Pin 3:	TxD	Pin 8:	CTS																		
Pin 4:	DTR	Pin 9:	RI																		
Pin 5:	GND																				
UAE8AP	Socket for an RS422 interface.  <table> <tr> <td>Pin 2:</td> <td>Tx+/Y</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 3:</td> <td>GND</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 4:</td> <td>Tx-/Z</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 5:</td> <td>Rx+/A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 7:</td> <td>Rx-/B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 1, 6, 8:</td> <td>n. c.</td> </tr> </table>	Pin 2:	Tx+/Y	Pin 3:	GND	Pin 4:	Tx-/Z	Pin 5:	Rx+/A	Pin 7:	Rx-/B	Pin 1, 6, 8:	n. c.								
Pin 2:	Tx+/Y																				
Pin 3:	GND																				
Pin 4:	Tx-/Z																				
Pin 5:	Rx+/A																				
Pin 7:	Rx-/B																				
Pin 1, 6, 8:	n. c.																				

Table 5-5

Wiring plan COM interfaces

## Wiring Plans

### Line Extension of the COM interfaces

#### 5.6 Line Extension of the COM interfaces

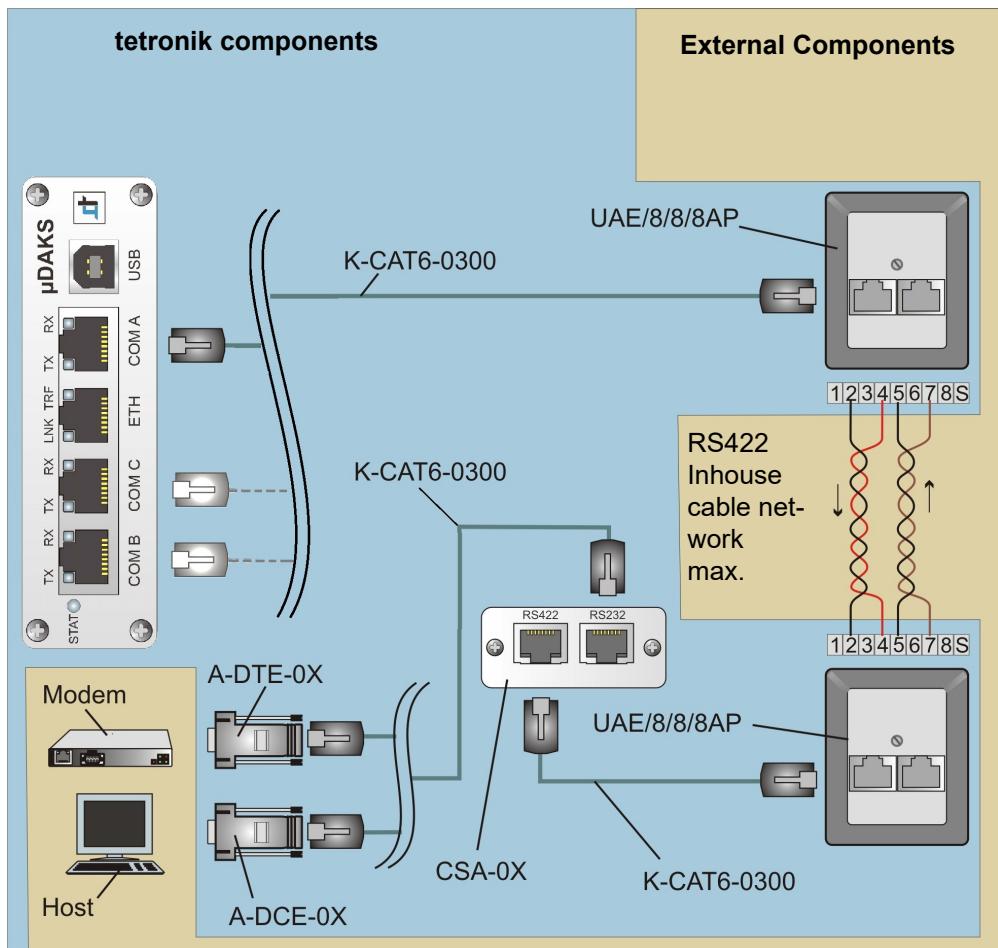


Image 5-6 Wiring plan of the COM interface line extension

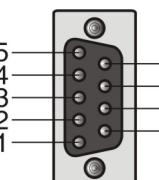
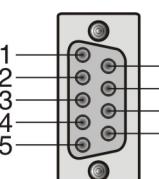
Element	Comment																				
Modem	Data Communication Equipment (DCE)/Modem, e.g. a GSM radio modem																				
A-DTE-0X	Adaptor to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a DCE device																				
	 <table> <tr> <td>D-09-M</td> <td>Pin 1: DCD</td> <td>Pin 6: DSR</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 2: RxD</td> <td>Pin 7: RTS</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 3: TxD</td> <td>Pin 8: CTS</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 4: DTR</td> <td>Pin 9: n. c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 5: GND</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>						D-09-M	Pin 1: DCD	Pin 6: DSR		Pin 2: RxD	Pin 7: RTS		Pin 3: TxD	Pin 8: CTS		Pin 4: DTR	Pin 9: n. c.		Pin 5: GND	
D-09-M	Pin 1: DCD	Pin 6: DSR																			
	Pin 2: RxD	Pin 7: RTS																			
	Pin 3: TxD	Pin 8: CTS																			
	Pin 4: DTR	Pin 9: n. c.																			
	Pin 5: GND																				
PC/Host	Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) e.g. a call system																				
A-DCE-0X	Adaptor to connect OScAR Eco 100 to a DTE device																				
	 <table> <tr> <td>D-09-F</td> <td>Pin 1: DCD</td> <td>Pin 6: DSR</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 2: RxD</td> <td>Pin 7: RTS</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 3: TxD</td> <td>Pin 8: CTS</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 4: DTR</td> <td>Pin 9: n. c.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pin 5: GND</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>						D-09-F	Pin 1: DCD	Pin 6: DSR		Pin 2: RxD	Pin 7: RTS		Pin 3: TxD	Pin 8: CTS		Pin 4: DTR	Pin 9: n. c.		Pin 5: GND	
D-09-F	Pin 1: DCD	Pin 6: DSR																			
	Pin 2: RxD	Pin 7: RTS																			
	Pin 3: TxD	Pin 8: CTS																			
	Pin 4: DTR	Pin 9: n. c.																			
	Pin 5: GND																				
K-CAT6-0300	Standard patch cable																				

Table 5-6 Wiring plan line extension COM interfaces

## Wiring Plans

### *Line Extension of the COM interfaces*

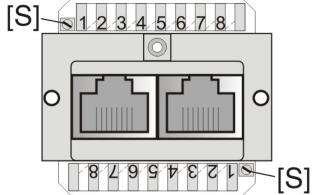
Element	Comment
UAE/8/8/8AP	Socket for an RS422 interface.  <p>Pin 2: Tx+/Y Pin 3: GND Pin 4: Tx-/Z Pin 5: Rx+/A Pin 7: Rx-/B Pin 1, 6, 8: n. c.</p>
CSA-0x	Conversion from RS422 to RS232

Table 5-6

Wiring plan line extension COM interfaces

## 6 PBX Systems and Soft Switches

### Overview

This chapter covers in brief the coupling of OScAR Eco 100 to the PBX network or the convergent voice/data networks, as well as the trunk connections. It also refers to the external configuration instructions for the respective interface(s).

### General Details

The coupling between OScAR Eco 100 and the PBX network or the convergent voice/data network is carried out with 4 channels, either:

- via ISDN using 2x S<sub>0</sub> digital trunks (QSIG, CorNet-NQ), or
- via VoIP using the LAN interface (SIP or SIP-Q).

The coupling to the PBX system or to the PBX network is carried out via trunk connection with a code and with direct inward dialing (DDI), enabling OScAR Eco 100 to be seen, from the network's side, like an additional network node, i.e. like a subsystem with its own numbering plan.

This is therefore **not** a CSTA-coupling (such as e.g. ACL or CAP for PBX systems by Unify)!



#### Note:

Please be aware that the configuration of the interface(s) between OScAR Eco 100 and the different PBX systems or soft switches is not part of this document.

For documentation of the configuration of the PBX interfaces:

- either on the Installation CD under "Documentation"  
Caution! This information may have already become obsolete!



#### Caution!

To access the Extranet you must be a service technician trained on OScAR, and registered with ttronik (access data that may already be available for FTP-download can be used for this area also).

