MiVoice Office 400

SIP DECT Configuration Guide for MiVoice Office 400 RELEASE 6.1 June 2019



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Overview

The purpose of this document is to help installers and administrators know about the installation / configuration, administration, and maintenance of the complete SIP-DECT solutions.

The SIP-DECT Solution

The SIP-DECT solution includes the following main components:

- SIP-DECT base stations that are distributed over an IP network and offer DECT, WLAN, and IP interfaces.
- DECT phones (portable DECT devices).
- OpenMobility Manager (OMM): Management and signaling software for the SIP-DECT solution, which runs on one of the DECT base stations or on a dedicated Linux server (for large installations).
 In addition, a standby OMM can be configured to ensure OMM function in case of failure or loss of network connection.
- MiVoice Office 400 Communication Server platform.

The MiVoice Office 400 Communication Server, OMM, and the RFPs communicate through the IP infrastructure. And, the RFPs and the DECT phones communicate over the air.

Mitel SIP-DECT overview

This chapter contains a brief overview of the SIP-DECT phone and the technology.

Mitel SIP-DECT is a communication system comprising radio stations (also known as RFPs, Radio Fixed Part) and controlled through an OpenMobility Manager (OMM). Communication occurs according to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and serves the call control online. SIP-DECT is scalable from single-cell to large enterprise installations. One central OpenMobility Manager (OMM) can control base stations located in multiple sites.

With Mitel SIP-DECT and Mitel 600 DECT series phones, comprehensive solutions can be provided for wireless telephony on IP-based networks. This requires RFP radio units that can be directly connected to other VoIP devices on the LAN. OpenMobilityManager (OMM) installed on one of the RFP radio units or on a PC, constitutes the management interface for the Mitel SIP-DECT solution.

The SIP DECT system has the following capacities:

- When using an RFP-OMM: 256 DECT base stations (RFPs) / 512 (1024) DECT phones.
- When using a Linux-OMM: 4096 DECT base stations (RFPs) / 10000 DECT phones.

The MiVoice Office 400 supports up to 600 SIP-DECT phones. In most cases, the SIP_DECT solution includes less than 256 RFPs, the OMM is hosted on a RFP and no additional server is required.

RFP hardware support

Mitel SIP-DECT supports various RFP hardware and base stations of the fourth generation. These are as follows:

RFP 44 base stations:

RFP 44 is an indoor wall mounting RFP having a powerful CPU for fast start-up phase.





The RFP 44 base station has the following properties:

- Is a wall-mounting base station with integrated antennas.
- Has eight DECT channels; four for voice and signaling, and four for signaling.
- Supports the following Codecs: G.722, G.711, and G.729.
- Has 1x 10/100 Mbit/s LAN ports.
- Features a Configuration button.

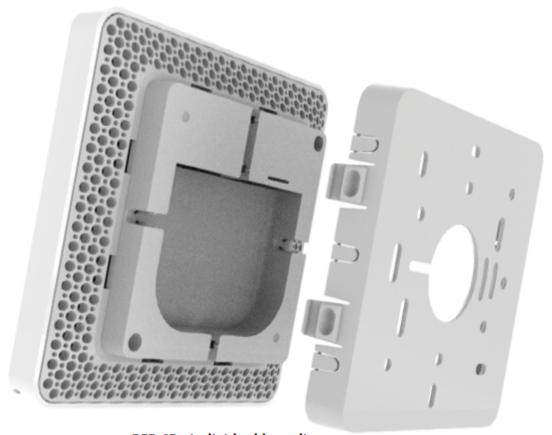
RFP 45 base stations:

RFP 45 is an indoor RFP having a powerful CPU for fast start-up phase.

150 mm



RFP 45



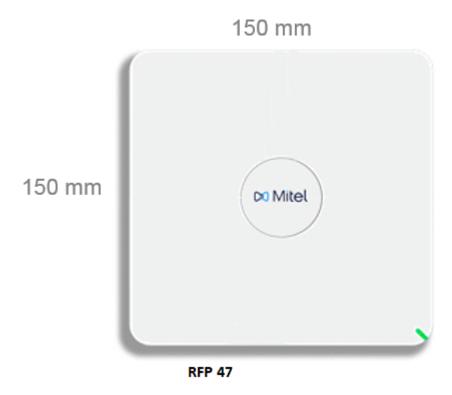
RFP 45 - Individual branding

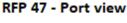
The RFP 45 base station has the following properties:

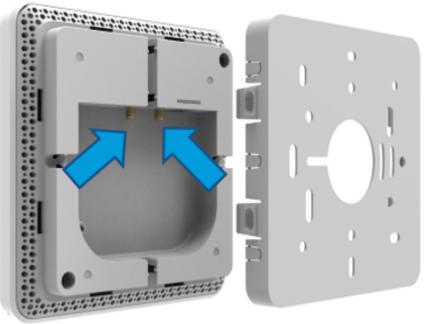
- Is a wall-mounting base station with integrated antennas and a Configuration button.
- Has 12 DECT channels; eight for voice and signaling, and four for signaling.
- Supports the following Codecs: G.722, G.711, and G.729.
- Has 1x 10/100 Mbit/s LAN ports.
- Is compatible with mobile devices (such as Mitel 602d, Mitel 600d, Mitel 650c, and Mitel 142d), CAT-iq 1.0 (Cordless Advanced Technology Internet and Quality) Wideband Audio (such as Mitel 650c), and DECT XQ for reflective environments.
- Supports PoE 802.3af Class 2 power supply.
- Software can be downloaded through TFTP, FTP, HTTP(S), and SFTP.

RFP 47 base stations:

RFP 47 is an indoor RFP having a powerful CPU for fast start-up phase and connectors for external antennas.







The RFP 47 has the following properties:

- Is a wall-mounting base station with a Configuration button.
- Has 12 DECT channels; eight for voice and signaling, and four for signaling.
- Supports the following Codecs: G.722, G.711, and G.729.
- Has 1x 10/100 Mbit/s LAN ports and 2x SMA connectors.
- Is compatible with mobile devices (such as Mitel 602d, Mitel 600d, Mitel 650c, and Mitel 142d), CAT-iq 1.0 (Cordless Advanced Technology Internet and Quality) Wideband Audio (such as Mitel 650c), and DECT XQ for reflective environments.
- Supports PoE 802.3af Class 2 power supply.
- Software can be downloaded through TFTP, FTP, HTTP(S), and SFTP.

RFP 48 base stations:

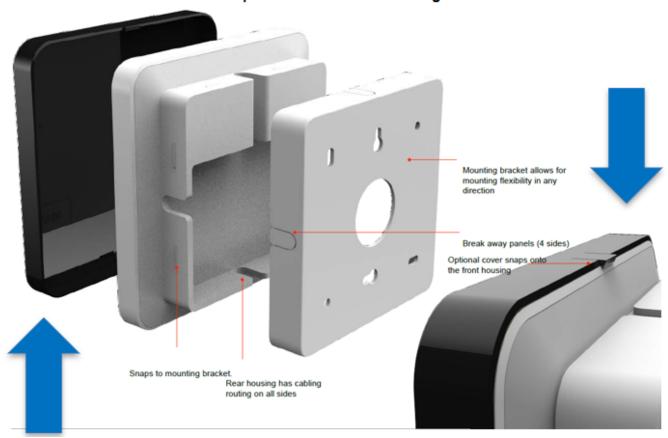
RFP 48 is an indoor RFP having a powerful CPU for fast start-up phase.

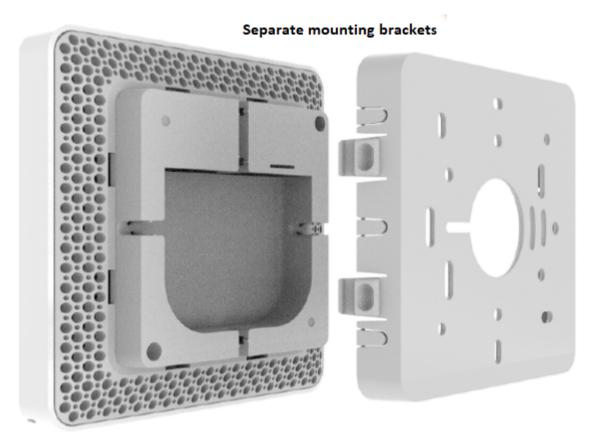
175 mm



RFP 48

Options for individual branding





The RFP 48 has the following properties:

- Is a wall-mounting RFP with an integrated WLAN access point conforming with IEEE 802.11abg/n/ac (MIMO 3x3).
- Features integrated antennas (DECT / WLAN), a Configuration button, and operates in the frequency range of 2.4 GHz to 5 GHz.
- Supports the following Codecs: G.722, G.711, and G.729.
- Has 12 DECT channels: eight for voice and signaling, and four for signaling.
- Ports 1x 10/100/1000 Mbit/s LAN.

Preparation and planning

This chapter includes preparation and planning steps to be completed prior to installation.

Introduction

This chapter covers detailed information about preparation and planning a SIP-DECT installation. It provides you with the information you need to make the best choices for the SIP DECT configuration that guarantee good communication quality. To begin with, it is necessary that you gather relevant information about the available network infrastructure.

Planning number and position of DECT RFPs for synchronisation

The number and the position of the RFPs is determined by the area to cover and by the necessity for RFPs to be synchronised between each other. To ensure a seamless communication experience, the SIP-DECT system switches an ongoing DECT phone call from one DECT base station to another if the radio communication quality drops below a certain threshold handover. The seamless handover is possible only if the participating DECT base stations are synchronized. DECT base station synchronization is performed via radio communication between DECT base stations (synchronisation over the air), which in turn requires an effective radio coverage planning. The distribution of the locations that your system need to cover determines how you deploy the network.

Clustering and paging areas

Your SIP-DECT system may include different locations, where the distances between the locations prevent the RFPs from performing the over-the-air synchronization. In this case, you must split your network into clusters (or *synchronization domains*). The RFPs are assigned to the respective cluster by configuration. Note that overlapping clusters in an area must be avoided. The handover between RFPs in different clusters is not supported.

A separate cluster number is required for a remote site (for example, for a single DECT base station servicing an office abroad). Also, if the network connection to the isolated site's DECT base station cannot transport DHCP, you may use static IP address configuration for the single DECT base station.

If your SIP-DECT system includes large number of DECT base stations, you should configure the paging area size to optimize the signalling necessary for paging a DECT phone throughout the SIP-DECT system.

DECT base station synchronisation

The first DECT base station to complete the start-up transmits a signal on the air for the other DECT base stations to synchronize with. A DECT base station that gets in sync transmits a signal on the air and

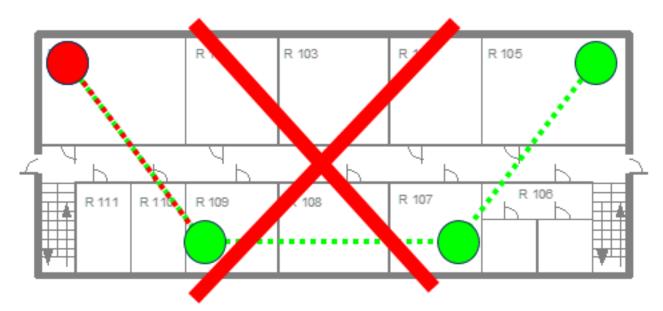
PREPARATION AND PLANNING

becomes the sync source for the next DECT base station. Only DECT base stations that can receive a synchronization signal are synchronized.

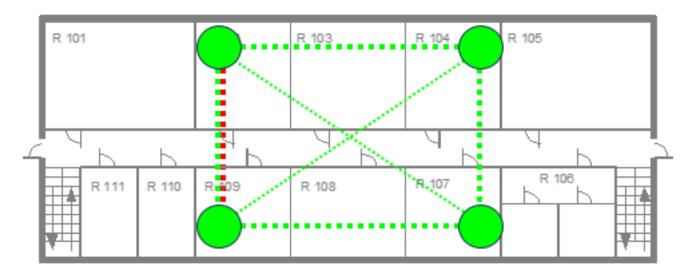
For the DECT base station to sync with another DECT base station, the signal strength cannot drop below -70 dBm. While a DECT base station is not in sync, no calls can be established using that DECT base station. If a DECT base station loses the synchronization, the DECT base station does not accept new calls ("busy bit"). There is a delay (of maximum 3 minutes) until the active calls on this DECT base station end. Then it tries to get synchronized again.

A SIP-DECT installation is more reliable if a DECT base station can receive signals from more than one DECT base station because the other signals are also used and provide redundant paths for synchronisation. See the examples below:

Unreliable installation



Reliable installation



Only unfavorable setups that do not provide for redundant synchronization paths encounter synchronization issues.

Sometimes DECT base stations do not need to be synchronized (for example, if they are in different buildings). Such DECT base stations can be put into different clusters. DECT base stations in different clusters are not synchronized with each other. Different clusters start up at the same time independently.

Checking the synchronization of a network

For every cluster, a periodical check of the synchronization of the network is done. If the network is split into at least two subnets, all the RFPs of the subnet(s) are resynchronized. During the initial synchronization, this check is deactivated. You can check the DECT base station synchronization from the **Sync View** menu of the OM Management Portal (OMP).

DECT base station channel capacity

The DECT base station has 12 available time slots on air; of these, 8 can have associated DSP/media resources for media streams. All DECT time slots are used for control signalling, software download over air, messaging, and bearer handover independent of associated DSP/media resources.

If all the 8 media stream channels are used, the DECT base station announces a *busy bit*. In that case, the DECT phones determine whether any other DECT base station has an appropriate signal strength. If there is one, the DECT phone performs a handover to that DECT base station. Once the handover is complete, the DECT base station lowers its *busy bit*.

Whenever the busy state is announced, a log entry is made in the system logs. If the announcement of busy raises in a specific area, an additional DECT base station must be installed to double the number of media streams available for calls.

Field strength

For a handover, the field strength threshold values between neighbouring RFPs must be within –60 dBm and –65 dBm.

For sync over air, the field strength between RFPs must be at least -70 dBm.

RFP Positioning

A minimal distance must be maintained between RFPs to avoid interferences. The recommended minimum distance between RFPs is approximately 2.5m horizontally and 1m vertically. The RFP must not be closer than 0.5m to the ceiling and not farther than 1.5m from the ceiling. A safe distance from other radio equipment should be mentioned. Antennas should maintain a safety distance of at least 0.5m from persons.

Customer IP infrastructure

Prerequisites

To establish and maintain a SIP-DECT installation, the network infrastructure must include at least the following components:

- VoIP capable IP network
- Switches supporting PoE for DECT base stations

Make sure, you must do the following:

Defining number and position of the DECT RFPs. In case of complex building or reflective environment, a site survey might be done.

NOTE: The Mitel KMS knowledge base document HO1712, 600 DECT Phones site survey mode gives you hint for using the survey mode of 600d handsets.

• Understanding the customer IP network to chose the best IP addressing method for that project.

Understanding the customer network

Understanding the network topology is necessary for choosing the most effective IP addressing method for RFPs. You must keep the following in focus:

- Will all RFPs be connected in the same subnet?
- Will the RFPs be connected to different segments in bridge mode (within the same subnet)?
- If the customer requires a VLAN for voice, will the MiVoice Office 400 communication server be connected to this VLAN?

If multiple sites or multiple networks are involved, or if CTI solutions or PC client applications are required, we recommend setting up a workshop with the customer and the IT responsible. Mitel professional services can provide assistance.

PoE classes of RFP:

RFP Type	PoE class 802.3af	Interface IEEE 802.3	Note
RFP 44	2	1x 10/100Mbit/s	RFP 4 th Generation
RFP 45	2	1x 10/100 Mbit/s	RFP 4 th Generation
RFP 47	2	1x 10/100 Mbit/s	RFP 4 th Generation
RFP 48	3	1x 10/100/1000 Mbit/s	RFP 4 th Generation

Choice of IP addressing method

There are several methods for allocating IP Addresses to the SIP-DECT RFPs. The selection of the method for allocating IP Addresses to the SIP-DECT RFPs depends on the IP network of the customer.

Using MiVoice Office 400 DHCP Server (recommended):

This method is the simplest and must be the first one to be considered for the following reasons:

- The MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server provides by default all the necessary parameters to the SIP-DECT RFPs (IP addresses of OMMs, configuration file server, firmware server, and so on).
- No configuration is required in the customer's DHCP server.

The MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server can manage up to 400 IP addresses (including SMBC, Mitel 470, and virtual appliances) which is enough for projects in the Small and Medium Enterprise segment. The embedded DHCP server can be configured to serve only Mitel equipment.

Regardless of whether the internal MiVO 400 DHCP server or an external one is used, we recommend allocating static (fixed) IP addresses to the RFPs defined as OMM (primary and secondary) and dynamic IP addresses to all other RFPs.

Alternative solution: Static IP addressing (manual configuration of RFPs):

If the MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server cannot be used (either because of IT policies or if more than one subnets are addressed), the simplest alternative is to use static IP addressing of RFPs. This method is effective if the number of RFPs is limited. The IP address of each RFP must be configured manually using the OM Configuration (OMC) tool.

Alternative solution: Using a third-party DHCP server:

Another option is to use a third-party DHCP server for setting up Mitel SIP-DECT with MiVoice Office 400 communication server.

IT requirements:

- Configuration of the DHCP server to provide the necessary information to the RFPs (vendor options).
 See the appendix for the mandatory parameters to be configured for Mitel SIP-DECT with MiVoice Office 400.
- Recommended: Require IT to allocate static IP addresses for the RFPs defined as OMM (primary and secondary). These addresses are required to configure the MIVO 400.

The following table summarizes the different situations:

Scenario	Static IP	MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server	External DHCP server	LLDP
MiVoice Office 400 and all RFPs in the same subnet	OK ¹	OK; recommended	OK ⁴	Not supported
MiVoice Office 400 and RFPs in several segments in <i>Bridge Mode</i> (in the same subnet)	OK ^{1,2}	OK; recommended DHCP request Forwarding must be configured	OK ⁴	Not supported

Scenario	Static IP	MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server	External DHCP server	LLDP
MiVoice Office 400 and RFPs in different subnets	OK ^{1,2}	Not supported ³	OK ⁴	Not supported
VLAN	OK ^{1,2}	OK; if the MiVoice Office 400 and the RFPs are in the same VLAN	OK ⁴	Not supported
VLAN and RFPs connected to Trunk Port	OK ^{1,2}	OK under conditions. See ⁵	OK ⁴	Not supported

¹ Configure RFPs using the OM Configuration tool (Java Tool).

² Hint: use an RFP as Proxy Server to configure all RFPs of the subnet.

³ The MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server supports only one subnet.

⁴ For the compulsory parameters, see the table in the Appendix.

⁵If the external DHCP server in the native LAN replies with the corresponding VLAN ID and the MiVoice Office 400 is in the same VLAN as the MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server.

Configuration of SIP-DECT solution on MiVoice Office 400

This chapter describes how to set up a SIP-DECT system. This covers various tools used for configuration, license requirement, configuring an RFP-based OMM, and setting up basic DECT telephony service.

Prerequisites

For configuring Mitel SIP-DECT on MiVO400, you need some configuration tools and license. These are briefly explained in this section.

Configuration Tools

The following table describes the tools used for configuration of Mitel SIP-DECT:

Tools	Description
MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin	Web-based configuration tool for configuring and monitoring a single system or an entire network (AIN).
	 Access control with user accounts and predefined authorization profiles. Integrated online help and configuration assistant.
OMM	OMM stands for OpenMobility Manager.Is a web service for system configuration.
OMP	 OMP stands for OM Management Portal. OMP is a JAVA application (OMP.jar) that you can download through OMM portal. The OMM Web service provides a link to run the OMP application through Java web start. With MiVoice Office 400, OMP is only required to configure SIP DECT conferences, or for troubleshooting.

Tools	Description
OM Configurator	 OM Configurator stands for OpenMobility Configurator. OM Configurator is a JAVA tool (OM_Configurator.jar), which when clicked, opens OpenMobility Configurator. With MiVoice Office 400, the OM Configurator is required for manual setup of the RFPs in case DHCP configuration cannot be used.

Note: The JAVA tool explained in the table requires a PC with the Sun or Oracle Java runtime 1.7 environment installed to support detailed OMM configuration and monitoring.

Configuration on MiVoice Office 400

This chapter covers step-by-step configuration of the SIP-DECT system on the **MiVoice Office 400** communication server. The configuration of the DHCP server depends on the analysis of the infrastructure with IT responsible of the customer. See chapter *Choice of IP addressing method* to know more about different variants of IP addressing method. This chapter describes the scenario where the MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server is used.

Configuring the MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server

Preconditions:

- The MiVoice Office 400 must have a fix IP address.
- IT administrator must provide a range of IP addresses for allocations to SIP-DECT RFPs and Mitel IP and SIP phones.

You configure the DHCP server with the following basic steps:

- 1. Login to MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin using your credentials.
- 2. Navigate to Configuration >IP Network > DHCP Server > Server Configuration.
- 3. Select the **DHCP server** check-box to switch on internal DHCP server.
- 4. Select appropriate value in the **DHCP support** field. If you select **All**, all the devices in the subnet requesting an IP address (all DHCP clients) are provided with an IP address from the address range of the DHCP server, and the link is registered. Selecting **Mitel devices only** allows only Mitel DHCP clients such as IP-bound system phones to be provided with an IP address and get registered. Note that the recommended value in the **DHCP support** field is **Mitel devices only**.
- 5. For the **Vendor options** field, you must select the value as **Default**.
- 6. Specify settings for the DHCP parameters: **First IP address**, **Last IP address**, and **Lease time**. The value for the **Lease time** is set by default to 1 day. This value is fine in most cases.

- 7. Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.
- 8. Reserve one IP address for primary OMM and one for secondary OMM from the range of IPs. For this, navigate to **Configuration** > **IP Network** > **DHCP Server** > **IP addresses**. Click **Change**.
- Select free IP address, Select the check-box Reservation and enter the MAC address of the primary OMM.
- 10. Repeat step 9 for secondary OMM RFP and press **Apply** to save the settings.

To know more about configuring the DHCP server, see MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin Online Help. Keep reserve one of the IP addresses from the range to allocate to the RFP that works as primary and secondary OMM.

Specifying SIP-DECT settings

You configure SIP-DECT settings with the following basic steps:

- 1. Login to MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin using your credentials.
- Navigate to Configuration > System > DECT/SIP-DECT > SIP-DECT.
- 3. Select the check-box **Service enabled** to activate Mitel SIP-DECT system together with MiVoice Office 400.
- 4. In the **Primary OMM IP address** field, enter the IP address of the primary OpenMobilityManager server (OMM server). Note that this is one of the reserved IP addresses from the DHCP range that you allocated while configuring MiVoice Office 400 DHCP server.
- In the Secondary OMM IP address field, enter the IP address of the secondary OMM server. This is
 one of the reserved IP addresses from the DHCP range that you allocated while configuring MiVoice
 Office 400 DHCP server. Note that it is relevant only if two OMM servers are available.
- 6. In the **Name** field, enter the name of the SIP-DECT system. It is displayed on the phone screen after a SIP-DECT cordless phone is registered.
- 7. Enter a value of your choice in the field **Authentication code (AC)**. Alternatively, you can also press the button **Create new AC** to allow the MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin tool define a value. This same authentication code will be used for subscribing the terminals.
- 8. In the **Transport protocol** field, keep the default value **TCP** as selected.
- 9. Click the **Apply** button to save the settings.

To know more about configuring SIP-DECT settings, see MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin online help.

Configuring phones and users

This chapter explains steps about creating user and assigning SIP-DECT terminal in the MiVoice Office 400.

Follow these basic steps to create a new user:

- 1. Login to the MiVoice Office 400 webadmin portal using your credentials.
- 2. Navigate to **Configuration > Users > User list**.
- 3. Click the **New** button and follow the input prompts.
- 4. To edit a user's properties, click the user's name or call number.
- 5. Click Create and assign.
- Select the terminal interface as Mitel SIP and press Apply.
- 7. Select **Terminal type** as **Mitel SIP-DECT**. Note that no terminal license is required for Mitel SIP-DECT phones.

To know more about creating user and assigning a SIP DECT terminal, refer to the MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin online help.

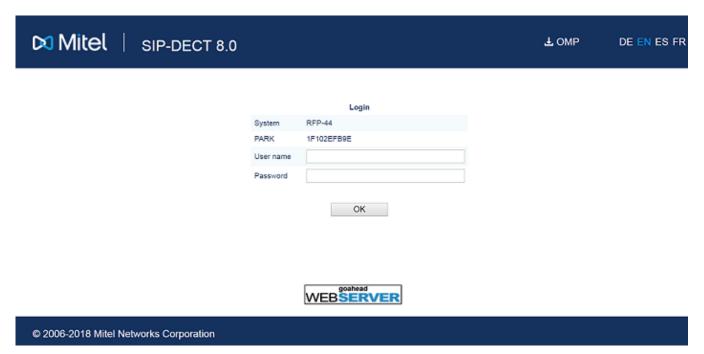
Starting up RFP

Connect the RFP(s) to your LAN and power up the units to start it up and running. After the RFPs are connected to LAN and powered up, the RFPs do a software update which might take some time.

Configuration on OpenMobility manager (OMM)

The RFP that operates as OMM offers two configuration methods: the OMM Web service that you can access with a web browser and the OMP Java tool. Use the OMM Web service for initial setup that includes the following basic steps.

- Start a browser and navigate to the IP address of the OMM. To know the IP address of your OMM, see the Step 4 of the section Specifying SIP-DECT settings.
- Log in using the omm / omm (User name / Password) default credentials.



- 3. Change the password for the **Full access** and the **Root/SSH** accounts. Note that password must be eight characters long and must contain a number, a capital letter, a small letter, and a special symbol.
- 4. Navigate to the **System > System settings** page.
- You should see the **Tone scheme** setting is set automatically according to the MiVoice Office 400 sales channels.
- 6. You should see the **Regulatory domain** setting is set automatically according to the MiVoice Office 400 sales channel. The **Regulatory domain** specifies the region of the world where the SIP-DECT system is being used. For legal reasons (usage of radio frequencies), it is very important to make sure that the setting is correct. **EMEA** is the correct value for Europe.

Importing license file and enabling PARK service

A Portable Access Rights Key (PARK) is required to operate a SIP-DECT system. For systems with more than five RFPs, the license file generated by the SLS contains the PARK code. For license-free systems (up to five RFPs), a PARK code valid for up to 256 RFPs can be retrieved from the OMM web service.

For enabling PARK service for the smaller system up to five RFPs, follow these steps:

- 1. Navigate to **System > System settings** page of the OMM web portal.
- 2. Click the **Online PARK request** button to enable the **PARK** request. After **PARK** request is enabled, the system receives PARK code from the PARK service that works as a license for RFP.

You follow these basic steps to enable PARK service for larger system:

- Login to MiAccess and navigate to the SLS license server.
- 2. Register the voucher including the SIP-DECT licenses. Enter the MAC address of three RFPs used in that SIP-DECT installation. The SLS generates a license file including the PARK.

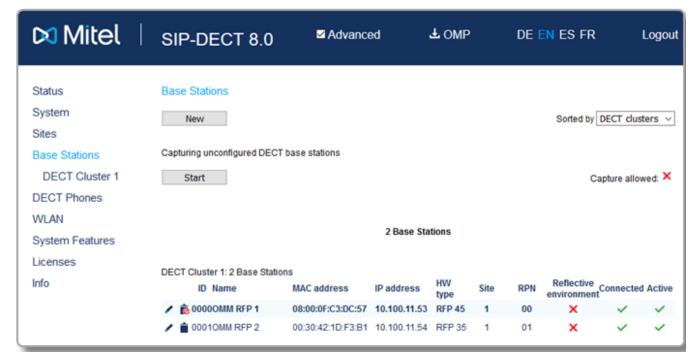
NOTE: SIP-DECT enters in license violation mode if one of these 3 RFPs is not registered to the OMM. In case of a defect, the MAC address of the replaced RFP must be modified in the SLS and a new license file is required.

- 3. Navigate to **Licenses** page of the OMM web portal.
- 4. Click **Choose File** button to select the appropriate license file.
- 5. Click **Import** button to import the license file that includes a PARK
- 6. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Adding RFPs to the OMM

To add RFP's to the OMM, follow these basic steps:

- 1. Log in to the OMM web portal using your credentials (use the credentials defined for OMM).
- 2. Navigate to **Base Stations** menu and configure all base stations to be operational (including the OMM DECT base stations).
- 3. Click the **Start** button below the **Capturing unconfigured DECT base stations** caption. The OMM lists all DECT base stations trying to connect.

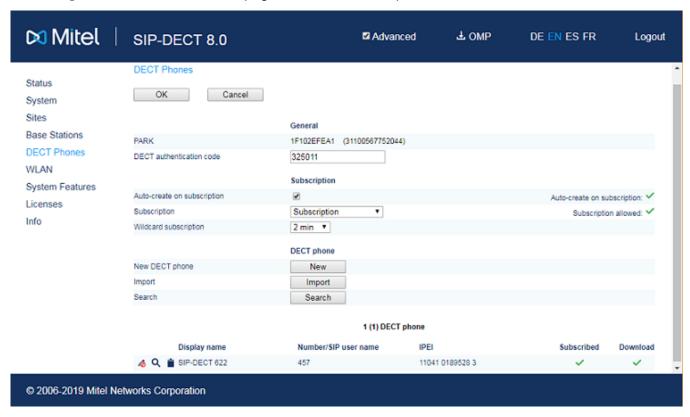


- 4. If an RFP does not appear in the list, click the **New** button to add a new base station. Enter appropriate values for the respective fields and click **OK** to save the settings.
- 5. Note that all the RFPs must be shown as **Connected** and **Active** in the OMM. If not, open the **Details** view by pressing the pen icon. Select the check box in front of **DECT Settings** and make sure the **DECT cluster** id is correct (Hint: in simple cases, cluster 1).

Subscribing SIP-DECT terminals

To subscribe a SIP-DECT terminal on the RFP, follow these steps:

Navigate to the **DECT Phones** page of the OMM Web portal.



- 2. In the **Subscription** field, select the value **Subscription** from the drop-down.
- 3. Click the **OK** button to enable subscription.

You should see a tick mark for **Subscription allowed** field confirming subscription is enabled for the SIP-DECT terminal on RFP.

- 4. For a new, out of the box, terminal: after power on, the SIP-DECT terminal is ready to start subscription. Go to step 6. If the terminal has already been subscribed, navigate to Menu > Settings (depending on the SW generation) > System > <New system>.
- 5. Press **OK** to enter the **Subscription** dialog box.
- 6. Enter **Authentication code (AC),** defined in the MiVoice Office 400 Webadmin, in the **Subscription** dialog box to subscribe your DECT phone.
- 7. Click the **Next** button.
- Scroll to the PARK option and enter the PARK code into the DECT phone.

NOTE: In general, it is sufficient to press **OK** without entering any **PARK**. If the subscription fails, (for example: in case several DECT systems are in the range), repeat with entering a **PARK**. The **PARK** can be found on the **DECT Phones** page of the OMM web portal.

Hint: Use the PARK value in parenthesis which includes only digits.

- 9. Click **OK**. You should hear a beep tone confirming the subscription of SIP-DECT terminal on the RFP. You can view the same on the OMM web portal.
 - Repeat steps 4 to 9 for each SIP-DECT phone.
 - Hint: After subscription, the SIP-DECT handsets might need to upgrade their firmware. The upgrade happens automatically *over the air* in background. This might take several hours.
- 10. Once all SIP-DECT phones have been subscribed, navigate to the **DECT Phones** page of the OMM web portal. In the **Subscription** field, select the value **OFF** from the drop-down. This prevents registration of further phones in the DECT system.

User Login to DECT phone

Repeat the following login procedure to link each SIP-DECT phone with the MiVoice Office 400 user.

- A new, out of the box, terminal shows Please login. Dial FAC:Prefix and FAC: Login followed by the user number. For example: if FAC:Prefix = *1, FAC: Login = 11, and User number = 345, then the input would be *111345. If the SIP-DECT terminal has already been logged on a MiVoice Office 400 R6.1 or newer, press the Login softkey.
 - Hint: the feature access code prefix and login codes are defined in the MiVoice Office 400 Webadmin under **System > DECT/SIP-DECT > SIP-DECT**.
- 2. Click **OK**. You are prompted to enter the PIN.
- 3. Enter PIN (of the MiVoice Office 400 user) and click OK.
- 4. Enter user calling number (as defined in the MiVoice Office 400 communication server).
- 5. Enter the user PIN (as defined in the MiVoice Office 400 communication server). Wait for a while and you are logged in to the SIP-DECT terminal using your calling number.

Configuration for SIP-DECT conference

The SIP DECT System supports integrated conference through Integrated Conference Server (ICS), which allows a user to initiate a three-party conference. For this, some configurations must be done both in OpenMobilityManager and on the MiVoice Office 400 communication server. The ICS provides the full range of voice codecs (G722, G711, G729, and so on) and supports trans-coding for all parties in a three-way conference session.

The SIP-DECT conferencing feature allows users to:

- merge two active calls together into a conference call.
- transfer another party into the conference when on an active conference call.
- disconnect from an active conference call while allowing the other participants to remain connected.

To facilitate the configuration, you can open up-to 10 SIP-DECT conferences with a call number. For each call number, a user is then automatically opened with a predefined permission set and assigned a SIP terminal

Configuring conference rooms in MiVoice Office 400

SIP-DECT conference rooms must be created to enable a SIP-DECT phone user to setup a conference. As many conference rooms as the number of simultaneous conference calls initiated by SIP-DECT phones are required. Note that each conference room requires a MiVoice Office 400 **User** license or **Basic User** license. The first conference room for 3 parties can be created by using only MiVoice Office 400 Web Admin (no need to use the OMP tool). If more than one conference room are required, it is necessary to modify some setting in SIP-DECT using the OMP tool in addition to creating the conference room in the MiVoice Office 400. See chapter *Configuring conference channels* and refer to the training documentation for more details.

To configure conference rooms in MiVoice Office 400, follow these basic steps:

- 1. Log-in to the MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin using your credentials
- Navigate to Configuration > System > DECT/SIP-DECT > SIP-DECT to view the SIP-DECT configuration settings.
- 3. Click to add SIP-DECT conferences details. Enter calling number of the conference and select the license type.

Enabling SIP-DECT internal 3-way conferencing

you are required to install the OMP tool, see $Appendix\ A$ - $Using\ OM\ Management\ Portal\ (OMP)$.

To enable SIP-DECT internal 3-way conferencing for DECT phones, follow these basic steps:

- 1. Open the OMP application and login to it using your credentials.
- Navigate to System -> SIP page.
- 3. Go to the **Conference** tab and select **Integrated** as the **Server type** setting.
- 4. Select **Integrated** as the **Server type** setting for all users.
- 5. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring conference channels

you are required to install the OMP tool, see $Appendix\ A$ - $Using\ OM\ Management\ Portal\ (OMP)$.

To enable Conference channels flag, follow these basic steps:

- 1. Open the OMP application and login using your credentials.
- 2. Navigate to **DECT base stations > Device list** page.
- 3. Select the RFP device from the list.

- 4. Click **Configure** to view the configuration details.
- 5. In the **General** tab, select the **Conference channels** check-box.
- 6. Click **OK** to save the settings.

The G.729 codec, with its high consumption of computing time, reduces the number of available conference channels. To compute one 3-way conference, three conference channels are necessary.

SIP-DECT Conference without G.729 Codec

By default, only three conference channels (for 1 conference) are created through the config file in the first DECT base station (RFP with the ID 0). Additional conference channels must be switched on manually. If the G.729 codec is not necessary, you can manually disable the G.729 codecs in the OMP application to reduce the performance impact on the RFPs. To do so, follow these basic steps:

- 1. Open the OMP application and login using your credentials.
- Navigate to System > SIP page.
- Open RTP settings tab.
- 4. Select **None** as the value for the **Preferred codec 4** field.
- 5. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Now, there are 15 channels (for five conferences) available in the first DECT RFP (RFP with the RFP ID 0). You can view the same in the **Status** page of OMP application.

To view the total number of conference channels in the SIP-DECT system, follow these steps:

- 1. Open the OMP application and login using your credentials.
- 2. Navigate to Status page.
- 3. Open the **Conference** tab to view the conference channel information.

The **Total** parameter provides the total number of conference channels in the system and the **Available** parameter provides the current number of available conference channels.

If more than five simultaneous three-party conferences are required, you need to enable conference channels and disable G.729 codec in a second RFP.

Verifying SIP-DECT conference

If you are able to create a three party conference and are connected to a conference on a participant-to-participant basis, your SIP-DECT conference is established successfully. The participants in the conference are called one after the other and connected individually.

DECT phone and SIP state verification

If you are able to make normal voice calls or conference calls and can perform other related activities from your DECT phone, it means the DECT phone is registered and is up and running.

Alternatively, you can also check the DECT phone state and SIP registration status from the OMM web portal.

- Login to OMM web portal using your credentials.
- 2. Navigate to the **DECT Phones** page.
- 3. Click on the magnifying glass icon beside the entry for the DECT phone to view details of the SIP registration status

System menu and key configuration

After the DECT phone is subscribed and running, the end user can use their phone to make and receive calls.

The DECT phone comes with some default key configuration. The system administrator might use the MiVoice Office 400 Webadmin to change the default definitions of the keys. The user can use the Self Service Portal (SSP) web service of MiVoice Office 400 to define personal phone-book, voice-mail greetings, call forwarding and so on. In addition, the user can define favorite numbers in the VIP list. Note that the numbers in the VIP list are stored only on the phone itself and are not synchronized with the user's personal phone-book on MiVoice Office 400.

To know more about the overview of the keys, display, and menu available on your phone and their usage, see, DECT Phones User's Guide.

Data backup

This chapter explains about the procedure to backup data on MiVoice Office 400 communication server and OMM web portal.

The data backup function lets you create backup files of the configuration and audio data and store them on any data carrier of your choice.

MiVoice Office 400 back-up

You can create a backup of your files and data in two ways:

- Automatic data backup
- Manual backup

The automatic data backup function creates a backup of the configuration data at regular intervals and saves the backup files on the communication server's file management system. You can use the distribution service to automatically copy the backup files to an FTP server or e-mail them.

The manual backup function lets you create backup files of the configuration and audio data manually and store them on any data carrier of your choice.

You can use the **Export/Import** function to export, edit and import configuration data again into an Excel table.

To know more about data backup, refer to the MiVoice Office 400 WebAdmin Online Help under **Maintenance > Data backup**.

OMM back-up

You can create backup of the OMM database through the DB Management menu of the OMM web server. The DB Management menu allows flexible backup and restore management of the OMM database. The OMM database contains all configuration settings which are configurable through the OMM Web service interface.

The OMM database can be:

- manually imported from the Web browser's file system or from an external server.
- manually exported to the Web browser's file system or to an external server.
- automatically exported to an external server when configuration modifications are done.

NOTE: The OMM database is saved in a compressed file in a proprietary format. Any modification of this file outside the OMM is not allowed.

The system supports the following protocols for import and export of database to or from an external server: FTP, TFTP, HTTPS, HTTPS, SFTP.

Manual database import

You can manually import database and can create backup files of the configuration settings manually. Note that a manual import of a database results in a reset of the OMM. To import the database manually, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to the OMM web portal using your credentials (default credentials: **omm** / **omm**).
- 2. Navigate to **System > DB Management** menu.
- 3. In the Manual import section of the Database management page, enter the values for the following:
 - a. Protocol:

To import a database from the web browser's file system, the **FILE** protocol must be selected. To import a database from an external server, select the preferred protocol (e.g. **HTTP**).

- b. **Server**: IP address or the name of the external server.
- c. **User name**: Enter the user name in case of import from an external server.
- d. **Password**: Enter the password in case of import from an external server.
- e. **File**: Enter path and file name which include the OMM database. If you have selected the **FILE** protocol, the **Browse** button is displayed, and you can browse to select the file from the file system.
- f. **Use common certificate configuration**: Select the check-box to enable the use of the system-wide certificate validation settings.

Press the **Load** button.

The OMM performs a validation check before it accepts the database for import. If the database is verified as valid, the OMM will be reset to activate the new database. Note that after the reset, all configuration in the restored database takes effect with the exception of the user account settings. The user account settings can be only modified locally through the OMM Web service and are never restored by a database import.

Manual database export

To manually export the database, follow these steps:

- 1. Log in to the OMM web portal using your credentials (default credentials: **omm** / **omm**).
- 2. Navigate to **System > DB Management** menu.
- 3. In the Manual export section of the Database management page, enter the values for the following:
 - a. **Protocol**: Select the preferred protocol. If you want to export the database to the web browser's file system, select the **FILE** setting.
 - b. **Server**: Enter the IP address or the name of the server.
 - c. **User name**, **Password**: Enter the user name and the password. If necessary, enter the account data of the server.
 - d. **File**: Enter path and file name where the database is to be saved.
 - e. **Use common certificate configuration**: Select the check-box to enable the use of the system-wide certificate validation settings.
- 4. Press the **Save** button.

Automatic database export

The automatic database export feature allows an automatic database backup to an external server for each configuration modification. If this feature is activated, the OMM transfers a backup file to a configured external server if any configuration changes occur (e.g. DECT phone subscription). The backup file overwrites any existing backup files.

To initiate the automatic data export, follow the below steps:

- 1. Log in to the OMM web portal using your credentials (default credentials: **omm / omm**).
- 2. Navigate to **System > DB Management**menu.
- In the Automatic export section of the Database management page, enter the values for the following:
 - a. **Active**: Select this check-box to enable the automatic export feature.
 - b. **Protocol**: Select the preferred protocol.
 - c. **Server**: Enter the IP address or the name of the server.
 - d. **Port**: Enter the port of the server.
 - e. **User name**, **Password**: Enter the user name and the password of the system. If necessary, enter the account data of the server.
 - f. **File**: Enter the path and filename where the database is to be saved.

The OMM writes the database into a file on the external server with following name convention:

```
<yymmdd> <system name> <PARK code> omm conf.gz
```

If the system name contains non-standard ASCII character, these characters are replaced by " ".

- g. **Use common certificate configuration**: Select the check-box to enable the use of the system-wide certificate validation settings.
- 4. Press the **OK** button.

Appendix A - Using OM Management Portal (OMP)

The OM Management Portal (OMP) is a Java tool used to manage the SIP-DECT solution. It can be used to view and configure OMM system data and has integrated monitoring and other maintenance features.

SIP-DECT supports Java web start to start the OMP. You must have Java 1.7 installed on your PC to run OMP application. You can download the OMP jar file from the OMM Web service by clicking on the OMP link in the top bar.

To configure the OMP and review the settings, follow these basic steps:

- 1. Start a browser and navigate to the IP address of the OMM.
- 2. Log in using the omm / omm (User name / Password) default credentials.
- 3. Click download arrow for OMP in the top bar of the OMM. The **OMP.jnlp** file starts downloading.
- 4. Double-click on the downloaded file (**OMP.jnlp**) and click **Run** in the dialog window. The OM Management Portal starts and prompts for login credentials.
- 5. Login to OMP application using your credentials. (The same credentials, as for OMM web portal, is applicable here.)
- 6. To review or configure the basic settings of the SIP-DECT system, navigate to **System > Basic settings** page.
- To review or configure the global settings for SIP signalling and RTP voice streams, navigate to System > SIP page.
- 8. To review or configure the import and export features settings, navigate to **Data management.** The **Data management** page contains the following tabs: **Auto DB export, User data import, DECT phones synchronization, Manual DB import, Manual DB export, Maintenance**, and **IMA**.
- 9. Click the **User data import** tab to view the import settings. This feature allows the import of user data from an external server.
- 10. To review or configure the system features settings, navigate to the System features page. The System features provides the following entries: General settings, Feature access codes, Alarm triggers, Digit treatment, Directory, XML applications, and CoA profiles. The General settings menu allows to configure or view the FAC number prefix used for feature access codes and alarm triggers. The Feature access codes menu is used to configure or view the feature access codes parameters. The Alarm triggers menu allows configuration and display of numerous alarm trigger datasets. The Digit treatment menu allows you to configure the number manipulation that is provided by the digit treatment feature for LDAP corporate directories. The Directory menu allows configuration of LDAP, XML or XSI -based corporate directory services.
- 11. Navigate to the **XML applications** page to configure relevant hooks that makes the XML terminal interface applications available to the DECT phone user. The SIP-DECT XML terminal interface allows external applications to provide content for the user on the Mitel 600 DECT phone display.

Appendix B - Configuring RFP manually through OM Configurator

If DHCP server configuration method is not working for SIP-DECT solution, you can switch to an alternative method of IP addressing to assign static IP address. This alternative method allows you to configure RFP manually and assign a static IP address using the OM Configurator Java tool.

Prerequisites

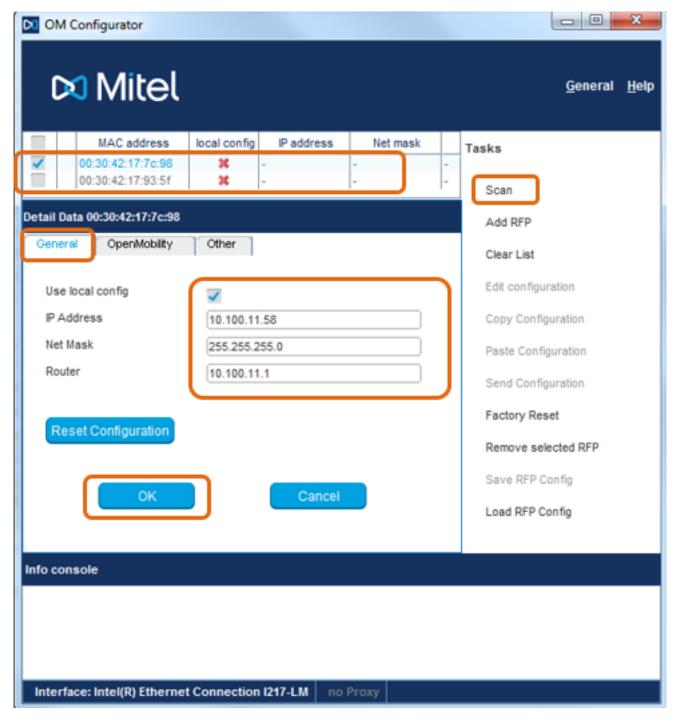
To configure RFP manually using the OM Configurator tool:

- You must have the OM_Configurator.jar Java tool. To run this tool, you need a PC with the Sun or
 Oracle Java runtime 1.7 environment installed.
- The RFP and PC must be connected to the same LAN network.

Procedure

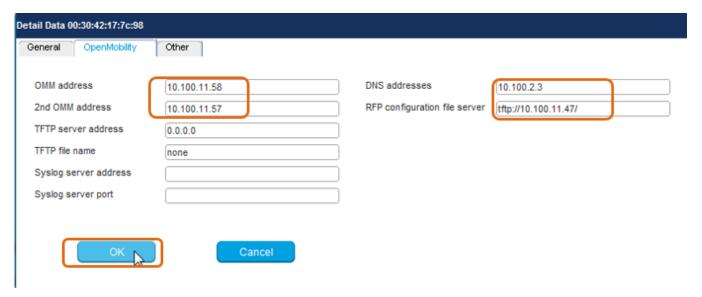
You configure the RFPs with the following basic steps.

- 1. Connect the RFPs to power and to the LAN. Note that you can operate the OMM only on a current RFP.
- On your PC, double-click the OM_Configurator.jar file to start the OpenMobility Configurator Java tool.
- 3. In the **OM Configurator** window, click the **Scan** button in the task pane to find the connected RFPs. You will be prompted to enter login information.
- 4. Enter your login credentials (**User name / Password**: **omm / omm** by factory default) in the window appeared and press the **OK** button. A list of MAC addresses of the connected RFPs is displayed.
- 5. Select the appropriate MAC address from the list and click **Edit configuration**. Note that this is the MAC address of the RFP you want to configure.
- 6. In the **General** tab, select the **Use local config** option.
- Enter the IP Address, Net Mask, and Router address.



- 8. Click **OK** to save the settings.
- 9. In the **OpenMobility** tab and enter values for the following fields:
 - a. OMM address: IP address of the OMM.
 - b. **2nd OMM address**: IP address of the 2nd OMM (if applicable).
 - c. **TFTP server address**: IP address of the TFTP server. In case of no TFTP server address, enter **0.0.0.0**.

- d. **TFTP file name:iprfp4G.dnld** (if using 4th generation RFPs) or **iprfp3G.dnld**(if using 3rd generation RFPs).
- e. **DNS addresses**: IP address of the DNS.
- f. **RFP Configuration file server**: IP address of the communication server prefixed with tftp://. For example: tftp://10.100.11.47.



- 10. Click **OK** to save the settings.
- 11. Click the **Send configuration** button to apply the configuration to the RFP. You will be asked to enter the login credentials.
- 12. Enter your login credentials in the window appeared and press the **OK** button.

You should see a message confirming successful configuration at the bottom of the **OM Configurator** window in the **Info console** box.

Appendix C - Hints for third party DHCP server configuration

DHCP parameters to configure in the customer's DHCP server for Mitel SIP-DECT with MiVoice Office 400:

Parameter	Description	DHCP	Mandatory	Туре
IP address	RFP IP address	IP address	Yes	IP address
Net Mask	Subnet mask	option 1	Yes	IP address
Router	Default gateway	option 3	Yes	IP address
DNS address	IP address of the DNS server	option 6	No (recommended but not required by SIP-DECT RFPs)	IP address
DNS domain	Domain name	option 15	No (recommended but not required by SIP-DECT RFPs)	String
Magic String	Identifier for the RFP to accept this offer	option 224 (parameter must be set to value OpenMobility SIP-DECT)	Yes	String
TFTP Server address	IP address of the TFTP server with the RFP firmware	option 66	No (required only for legacy 2G RFP)	IP address
TFTP file name	Path to RFP image file. For example: /folder/iprf p32.tftp/fol der/iprfp3G. dnld/folder/ iprfp4G.dnld	option 67	No (required only for legacy 2G RFP)	String

Parameter	Description	DHCP	Mandatory	Туре
OMM IP address	IP address of the OpenMobility Manager	option43/code10	Optional. MiVoice Office 400 provides the OMM IP address in the ipdect.cfg file.	IP address
2nd OMM IP address	IP address of the 2nd OpenMobility Manager	option43/code19	No	IP address

CHAPTER 7 APPENDIX D - BANDWIDTH

Appendix D - Bandwidth

The SIP-DECT solution requires bandwidth for signalling and for voice streams. Bandwidth calculation allows to check if the network can support the load. The following table contains minimum values for calculating bandwidth demands for specific traffic scenarios. Results for a real installation will differ depending on factors such as the system size, call server type, handset types, firmware release, and network overhead.

Unit	Traffic scenario	Kbit/s	Note
ОММ	OMM <> MiVoice Office 400 (communication between OMM and MiVoice Office 400) SIP Traffic per User (idle)	0.5	Registration period 300 seconds
OMM/RFP	OMM <> RFP (communication between OMM and RFP) connection Traffic per RFP (keepalive + basics)	1	Heartbeat 15 seconds (default) Ratio: 60% RFP <> OMM 40%
OMM/RFP	Traffic per handset (basic signalling) should be calculated per location.	1-3	1 = for standard users 3 = for frequent users
ОММ	Connected OM AXI application	5	
ОММ	Connection OMM to Standby OMM	2	Ratio: 50% OMM <> OMM 50%

Requirements per call using different codecs, include packet overhead as indicated in the following table.

VoIP codec	Bit rate (Kbit/s)	Packet size (in Bytes)	Kbit/s per stream
G.711	64	20	90.4
G.711	64	30	82.7
G.722	64	20	90.4
G.722	64	30	82.7
G.729	8	20	34.4

CHAPTER 7 APPENDIX D - BANDWIDTH

VoIP codec	Bit rate (Kbit/s)	Packet size (in Bytes)	Kbit/s per stream		
G.729	8	30	26.7		
Note: Bandwidth is required for upstream and downstream.					